Newport Daily News.

WAGON DELIVERIES ON 40 MILES OF ADJACENT COUNTRY ROADS.

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1897. PRICE, TWO CENTS

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Upholstering and decorating in all its branches.

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HAVE YOU BEEN VEXED

By seeing your boy's or girl's shoes go to pieces in a short time? Then try one pair of our

Celebrated School Shoes.

Boys', 11 to 2, $1; 3 to 5 1-2, $1.25.
Girls', 8 1-2 to 12, $1; 12 1-2 to 2, $1.25.
EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.

—AT—

F. T. SCHMELLING'S,

178 Thames Street, Corner Mary Street.

One of the Finest and Rarest Collections

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Inlaid, Carved and Empire Furniture.

OLD CHINA, SILVER, BRONZES, SHEFFIELD PLATE

Elegant Carved Hall Seats as Chests.

Empire and English Hall Clocks,

FRENCH AND COLONIAL MIRRORS.

A Fine Collection of Goods Lately Imported.

—AT—

BURLINGHAM'S ART ROOMS,

82 Mill Street.

BRIGHTEN UP

that chamber, discard the old heavy, wooden bedstead, put in its place one of our new

BRASS OR WHITE ENAMEL
(BRASS TRIMMED)
BEDSTEADS.

Nothing so changes the appearance of the whole room as the substitution of one of these Brass or White Iron Beds for the old wooden one. They are light yet strong, cleanly and dainty. We have just received a large assortment of these Beds, samples of which may now be seen in our north show window. We have a large and entirely new line of Bureaus, Commodes and Tolets to match these Beds, at very low cost.

A. C. TITUS CO.

J. A. & H. H. Barker,

HEADQUARTERS FOR GOOSEHILL FARM PRODUCTS.

DUCKLINGS.

Goslings, Chickens, etc., at Wholesale Prices.

NEW YORK CITY DRESSED BEEF.

MILLIONS ON MILLIONS.

Estimates of the Output of the Gold Regions of the North.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 12.—"Pat" Galvin, who is recognized as one of the bonanza kings of the Klondike, where he has been engaged in mining for the past three years, in an interview reviewing the gold regions of the North, estimating their probable output, said: "There are four hundred and sixty-one claims which have been operated sufficiently to prove their richness, and there are two hundred and eighty claims already staked out but not developed. By reason of their location near other claims already shown to be very rich, I have no doubt they will prove equal to the other four hundred and sixty-one. Taking these claims and figuring out their cubic contents, and making a conservative estimate, I do not see why the output from these claims alone should fall short of fifty millions of dollars."

Steamer City of Topeka arrived here last night from Juneau, Alaska. Among her passengers was John F. Maloney of Juneau, who came out from Dawson with the Galvin party. In an interview with the correspondent of the Associated Press Mr. Maloney said: "Hunker creek and Gold Bottom creek, it is conceded, will equal if not rival the now famous Bonanza and Eldorado creeks. More especially is this true of Hunker creek. Location No. 33 on that creek is among the richest in the Klondike district. Many of the claims on this creek will run $2,000 to the box. On No. 30 Eldorado one man in a shift and a half—about twelve hours—shovelled in $29,000. On Skookum Skookum gulch, which enters Bonanza No. 2 above Discovery, on locations Nos. 1 and 2, I saw $30,000 weighed out of two box lengths."

Mr. Maloney saw a sixteen-quart brass kettle filled with gold-dust in the cabin of R. T. Dinsmore, Harry Spence, Bill McFee and others. No. 31 Bonanza, owned by Oscar Ashley and Billy Leak, will produce $1,000,000. Ten days after the boat left for down the river, taking the gold, the North American Trading and Transportation Company had a quarter of a million in its safe at Dawson. This shows how rapidly the gold accumulates. Mr. Maloney says that over $2,000,000 will come out this fall.

"There are stacks and stacks of gold," he said, "each with the owner's name on it. Alexander McDonald will produce the largest amount. I hesitate to give figures, but the simple truth is that his various interests will yield from $2,000,000 to $4,000,000 this winter.

SPAIN'S NEW ADMINISTRATION.

Proposition to Employ Native Volunteers in Cuba.

MADRID, Oct. 12.—A semi-official statement issued after the cabinet meeting of yesterday says that by employing native volunteers in Cuba instead of European troops the expenses of the campaign would decrease and the operations against the insurgents would be conducted more rapidly.

Senor Gullon, minister for foreign affairs, has communicated to his colleagues the views of the European and American press in regard to the new ministry, pointing out that the foreign newspapers are almost unanimously of the opinion that the program of Senor Sagasta, the new premier of Spain, has caused an important change in the attitude of the Washington cabinet, leading to the belief that the discussion of the Cuban question will now enter upon a more favorable phase, and demonstrating that the steps taken by the ministry have had an excellent effect in showing the government is choosing practical means to solve the existing difficulties.

The minister for the colonies, Senor Moret, announced at the cabinet meeting that "in view of providing the security of the government's promise to grant autonomy to Cuba he had telegraphed to Senor Montero, the leader of the autonomist party, asking him to nominate candidates for appointment to some of the important posts under the Cuban administration.

LARGEST IN THE WORLD.

Mammoth Iron-Producing Combination Perfected by Carnegie.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 12.—Andrew Carnegie has perfected the largest iron-producing combination in the world by securing the lease of the Tilden mine. He will operate this big producer in connection with the Norrie and the group of mines which he owns in the Mesaba range. Dr. Nelson P. Hulst, the well-known mining expert, has been placed in charge of all the Carnegie mining interests.

The series of operations whereby the Carnegie interests have come into control of the greatest group of iron-ore-producing properties in America constitutes the most important movement that has taken place in the iron trade for years. When Carnegie got his Mesaba mines there was a good deal of interest in the matter, but it is only since the Norrie and Tilden deals were announced that the importance and scope of the Pittsburg concern's projects have become apparent. There are several mines in this combination, each of which can produce more ore than the Chapin.

BROTHERHOOD OF ST. ANDREW.

First International Convention to Meet in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 12.—Wednesday next the first international convention of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew will begin in this city, and will bring from all parts of the world distinguished prelates and laymen of the Protestant Episcopal churches and the Church of England. Nearly fifteen hundred delegates are expected to attend, and the list includes some of the brightest names in the church. While the convention proper will not begin its sessions until Thursday, fully one-third of the delegates will get here by Wednesday, in order to take in the special services to be held in St. Paul's church on that afternoon, which will be conducted by Rev. Charles G. Gore, D. D., Canon of Westminster Abbey.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

New York, Oct. 11, Kensington, from Antwerp.

Queenstown, Oct. 11, Scythia, from Boston.

Passed Scilly, Oct. 11, Edam, from New York.

Passed the Lizard, Oct. 11, Spaarndam, from New York.

Bremen, Oct. 12, Bremen, from New York.

To Cross the English Channel in a Balloon.

EASTBOURNE, England, Oct. 12.—Charles Pollock, a nephew of Baron Pollock, started in a balloon from here this morning in an attempt to cross the Channel. He hopes to descend safely in France.

Canada Not Anxious to Sell Her Seal Fisheries.

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 12.—In cable despatches from London it is stated that Canada would like to have the United States buy her seal fishery rights and fleet at a high price. The attention of the government being called to this report, it was stated that no such proposal had been suggested or thought of.

Kentucky Miners' Strike at an End.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., Oct. 12.—The miners at Mingo, Reliance, Fork Ridge and Bryson Mountain will return to work tomorrow morning. Not a mine in Bell county is now idle. The strike in this section is over.

Second Edition.

FOUR THOUSAND IN LINE.

Crowds Witness the Big Parade in New Bedford's Streets.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Oct. 12.—Every train into the city this morning brought crowds of people, who were attracted to New Bedford by the elaborate program for Governor's day, the second day of the great centennial celebration. In fact, so many people are here that the streets are densely packed with humanity. The weather is cloudy, but the enthusiasm of the multitude is not dampened in the least by the possibilities of rain.

A salute of seventeen guns from monitor Amphitrite announced the arrival of Governor Wolcott and staff at 10:30. On the same train came the First regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer militia, Colonel Charles Pfaff commanding. Battery F, Second United States artillery, and the naval battalion from Fort Adams, and many other organizations, military and civic, from out of town arrived in good season and took their places in the line. The parade, which moved at 11 o'clock, was by far the finest ever seen in Massachusetts, south of Boston. Nearly four thousand men were in line. The procession formed as follows:

First Division—Chief of division, James N. Parker; band, Second artillery, U. S. A.; Light Battery F, second artillery, U. S. A., Captain William P. Vose commanding; First Regiment band; First Regiment heavy artillery, Colonel Charles Pfaff commanding; Rosters's American band; First Light Infantry, Rhode Island militia, Lieutenant Colonel Henry B. Rose commanding; naval battalion, Lieutenant William B. Edgar commanding; detachment from monitor Amphitrite; detachment from United States revenue cutter Dexter; Company F, naval brigade, Massachusetts Volunteer militia, Lieutenant Bullington commanding; Newport division naval brigade, Rhode Island militia, Lieutenant H. G. Wilks commanding; Company G, naval brigade, Massachusetts volunteer militia, Lieutenant G. N. Gardner commanding; High School cadets, Captain Robert Briggs commanding; Bay State drum corps; city colors; Chief of Transportation F. A. Washburn, mayor of New Bedford, governor of Massachusetts, captain of monitor Amphitrite, captain of United States revenue cutter Dexter, ex-Mayor Caleb Leeds, only surviving member of the first city council of New Bedford, committee and guests, in carriages.

Second Division—Dr. William J. Nickerson, chief of division; Sullivan's band; William Logan Robinson Post, No. 1, G. A. R., T. W. Cook commanding; Robert G. Shaw Post, No. 116, G. A. R., Isaiah King commanding; Richard A. Pelrce Post, No. 120, G. A. R., E. G. Morton, Jr., commanding; Cumberland Association naval veterans and guests, Commodore H. P. Gifford commanding; John A. Hawes Camp, No. 35, Sons of Veterans, Captain F. E. James commanding; J. H. Clifford Camp, No. 150, Sons of Veterans, Captain W. E. Jennings commanding; Knights of Pythias; Knights of Sherwood Forest; Court Aeushnet, Foresters of America; Division No. 9, Ancient Order of Hibernians.

Third Division—Charles A. Serpa, chief of division; Reiter's band; Monte Pio Luso American Society, Dr. J. M. Da Lima commanding; New Bedford fife and drum corps; St. Michael's Society.

Fourth Division—Dr. L. S. Normandin, chief of division; French American band; French Zouaves; guard of honor; Sharpshooters' Club; St. John the Baptist Society; Catholic Mutual Benefit Society.

Fifth Division—Frederick Macy, chief of division; Middleboro band; New Bedford fire department.

Sixth Division—John W. Footman, chief of division; Sandwich band; firemen and guests.

At 1 o'clock there was a play-out by the veteran firemen company of Park Square, for handsome prizes. A drill and concert by Battery F, Second United States artillery, and band from Fort Adams were given at Buttonwood park at 3 o'clock. At 3:30, at the same place, there was a review of the First regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer militia, followed at 4 o'clock by a dress parade. At 9 o'clock tonight a banquet to the governor and invited guests will be served at the Parker House.

TO LIBERATE DREYFUS.

Alleged American Association to Free the Disgraced Frenchman.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—A special despatch from Paris says it is stated on authority in the French capital that an association has been formed with considerable capital in the United States, the object of the organization being to secure the escape from his prison on the Isle du Salut, off the coast of French Guinea, of Captain Albert Dreyfus, the French officer who was drummed from the army January 5, 1895, on the parade ground of the military school at Paris, after having been convicted by court-martial of having sold war department plans to the representative of a foreign government. The despatch adds that the members of this association are being carefully watched by French detectives, who claim to believe that the plan of the plotters is to carry off Dreyfus by force.

Appointed a Consul.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—The President today appointed Rafael Mudragal of Maryland United States consul at Cartagena, Colombia.

DEVON WATERPROOF BOX CLOTHS

In all shades, for

Livery Top Coats.

COMMERFORD,
TAILOR,
239 Thames Street, Corner Ferry Wharf.

BARGAINS.

Straw Mattings.

Reversible Smyrna Rugs, 9x12 ft., $16 each

5 Mahogany and Gilt Parlor Suits, Parlor and Dining Room Tables and Chairs.

This furniture will be sold very cheap for cash.

Gustave Hamilton, Over 204 Thames St.
E. W. LAWTON'S CARPET ROOM.

YOU'RE NOT AN EXPERT

in the judgment of clothing. You can't be. Men who have devoted a life-time to the business are not always. Your absolute safety lies only in buying clothes from a reputable maker endorsed by an honorable merchant

Our clothes are reputable. We are not afraid to guarantee every garment, which means "Money back if you want it." We don't hesitate to tell you that our clothes contain the highest amount of intrinsic value at any price named.

Suits, $10 to $25.
Overcoats, $10 to $25.

Few merchants can equal the cloth-quality, tailoring or fit; none can surpass.

Newport One Price Clothing Co.,

Leading Clothiers, Hatters and Outfitters,
200 THAMES STREET, 208

FOR SALE.

Good Horse, Cheap.

INQUIRE OF

EDWARD A. BROWN,
274 Thames Street, Newport, R. I

BOSTON STORE.

Millinery.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL

OPENING DISPLAY

In this Department will occur on

WEDNESDAY,

And the following days of this week.

KING-McLEOD COMPANY.

BRACE UP

BY TAKING

Powell's Beef, Wine and Iron.

MADE BY

Frank L. Powell, Dispensing Chemist

Corner Thames and Pelham Streets, Newport, R. I.

THE BEE HIVE.

We are in the midst of active cloak selling. Never before had we as good a variety as at the present time. Everything that is new, stylish and pretty can be had at our store, and nowhere else in the city do such low prices prevail as at our store.

Jackets for ladies, $2 25 to $19.50
Capes for ladies, $3.75 to $16.50
Misses' jackets, $3.50 to $10.50
Children's jackets, $2.25 to 10 50

Three special kinds which should be purchased immediately:

LOT 1.

Ladies' Jackets made of a heavy new canvas style of cloth, half lined, back and front trimmed with mohair braid and fourragers, the garment well worth $11.50; our price **$8.75** each.

LOT 2.

Ladies' Jackets made of fancy imported novelty cloth, lined throughout with heavy Rhadame silk, well worth $13.50; our price while they last **$9.95** each.

LOT 3.

Scotch Boucle Capes, lined throughout and edged with Thibet fur, well worth $7.50; our price while they last **$5.00** each

We now have a line of Jackets for stout ladies requiring large hip garments, sizes 32 to 46 inch bust.

Infants' Coats in a large variety of pretty styles. It is a well known fact that you can always save money by purchasing coats from us and complete satisfaction always guaranteed; no misrepresentation practiced at our store, and one price to all.

HESS & CO.

STORE OPEN MONDAY EVENING.

4th October, 1897.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

Our stores will close on the 23d. of this month. All Rugs, embroideries and china are offered at a great sacrifice.

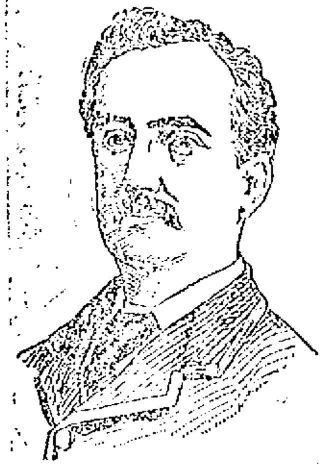
KAZANJIAN & CO., - - - - - - - KAZANJIAN BUILDING.

This Morning's News.

REDMONDITES GATHER.

Irish Independent League Met In Dublin.

Dublin, Oct. 12.—The physical force faction of the Irish nationalists held a convention in this city yesterday afternoon. Ostensibly it was a meeting of the Irish Independent league, the organization started by John Redmond to preserve his identity as an Irish leader. His followers were out in force, 500 of them putting in an appearance as delegates. Cheers followed every declaration of antagonism to British rule, and the name of Gladstone was hissed when it was charged that the Liberals had betrayed the cause of home rule.



JOHN E. REDMOND.

Redmond, in a long speech, denounced the Liberals for abandoning home rule, and declared that the only hope of Ireland was in independent action, without any alliance with the English parties.

Resolutions were adopted urging the Irish everywhere to commemorate the centenary of 1798, denouncing the government for repudiating the report of the royal commission on the financial relations between Great Britain and Ireland, expressing regret at the necessity of raising a Parnell family fund, and calling upon Irishmen generally to respond to the appeal.

The climax of the convention was reached during the speech delivered by William Redmond. Incidentally he said when the Dillonites rejected Parnell they "alienated the United States, thus killing the goose which laid the golden egg." Continuing, Mr. Redmond said he would never walk into any room to be controlled by Dillon and Healy, though he was for unity, adding: "With all the royal processions through our streets, it is time for Irishmen to say something. The great mass of the Irish people are today, and will be until liberty is given them, the enemies of England. England is a bully, a pirate and a savage. Whether in India or in Africa, the bloody flag of the British empire has been advanced by plundering and destroying poor people. Our sympathy goes out to these poor people. God bless them and give success to their efforts. Three cheers for the men in India who are fighting England."

The delegates thereupon climbed upon their seats and shouted: "Down with Britain."

The meeting up to that time had been of a somewhat mild description, but much denunciation of England and talk of 1798 followed. Mr. Kelly of Manchester, for instance, said that Ireland would have her jubilee in 1898 over the attempt of honest men to do honest work for Ireland." There was also much denunciation of Great Britain's proposal to give Ireland a Catholic university, the participation of priests in politics being denounced. The Healyites were characterized as the "assassins of Parnell."

There was no discord whatever, the resolutions were all adopted with enthusiasm and the reading of a telegram from the Irish Independent league of New York was heartily cheered. The proceedings were finished last night and the prediction of a revolt against the leadership of John Redmond proved entirely unfounded. The delegates cheered him enthusiastically, and on the adjournment they warmly praised his speech, pronouncing it to be a most able outline of the policy of the Irish independent league.

INDIGNANT ITALIANS.

Increased Taxation the Cause of a Riotous Demonstration.

Rome, Oct. 12.—A large procession of tradesmen, headed by the prosyndic of Rome and the president of the chamber of commerce, marched to the office of the minister of the interior yesterday to protest against and confer with the government regarding the increased taxation. Premier Rudini, who is also minister of the interior, received a committee representing the tradesmen and promised that all possible would be done to promote friendly relations and greater equity between the tax collectors and taxpayers.

In the meanwhile a large crowd of people had collected around the ministry. Anarchist cries were heard and some of those present tore up paving stones and otherwise assumed a very threatening attitude. The carabiniers then made an attempt to disperse the violent portion of the crowd, and in the conflict which followed several persons were injured and one of them was killed.

The rush of a cavalry [illegible], while the meeting was in progress, revolvers were freely used, [illegible] in the crowd were injured. [illegible] leaders of the disturbance were arrested. The condition of [illegible] of the wounded policemen is serious.

It is estimated that there were about 20,000 people in the piazza and that they cornered the deputation in the office of the minister of the interior. The authorities, it was quite evident, had failed to make adequate provision for maintaining order in such a vast and crowded assembly. The people were irritated at being excluded from the building by the carabinieri, and presently a second detachment issued with fixed bayonets and tried to clear the piazza. The crowd then resisted, the stone throwing began and the conflict quickly became general until an infantry detachment appeared on the scene.

ENGLAND'S NAVAL ACADEMY.

To Be Transferred from Ship Britannia to Dry Land.

London, Oct. 12.—The British government, after much hesitation, has decided to do away with the Britannia, which for a number of decades has constituted the English counterpart of the American Naval Academy at Annapolis, and to transfer the institution from which so many prospective Nelsons have graduated to a college on dry land, which is to be erected at Mount Boone, above Dartmouth. The college will occupy the site of the mansion where Sir Humphrey Gilbert, the discoverer of Newfoundland, was born, and which subsequently belonged to Sir Walter Raleigh.

SHORTEST ON RECORD

Deciding Game In the Temple Cup Series at Baltimore.

Baltimore, Oct. 12.—What was foreshadowed Saturday came to pass yesterday in the fifth game of the Temple cup series. The Bostons were beaten for the fourth time in succession. Apparently they felt that the handicap of Baltimore victories was too heavy to overcome, and to the critical observer their work yesterday had much of the perfunctory about it. Anyway they were beaten, a result that was predetermined almost from the call of play. As a consequence the local club has the credit of winning the prize twice in succession and the pleasure of obtaining the major portion of the net proceeds of the series—60 per cent. It is believed, however, that an agreement exists among the players that, win or lose, they are to share and share alike.

Yesterday's game, like all the others of the series, save the first one, was an easy proposition for the Baltimoreans, who won much as they pleased, while the visitors never appeared to think they had any chance whatever. The crowd, so small that the management refused to give the exact number and so utterly devoid of enthusiasm that scarcely a ripple of applause occurred, saw it done and appeared to be glad that the game, which, by the way, was one of the shortest on record, was over and that the season was ended. There may have been a thousand people on the grounds, but a better estimate would place the attendance at 750. This fact, in view of the pleasant weather which prevailed, indicates that Baltimore baseball enthusiasts have had a surfeit of the sport for the time being, and that they do not look on the Temple cup games as being anything out of the ordinary. At its conclusion both teams disbanded and many of the players left for their homes, two of them, Jennings and Kelley, to prepare for the early assumption of marital responsibilities.

The Orioles put a patchwork team in the field, Bowerman being at first and O'Brien in left, while for the visitors Stivetts replaced Hamilton in the centre garden. Later in the game Hickman went to left field to relieve Captain Duffy, who hurt his foot while running bases, and Sullivan took Hickman's place in the middle of the diamond.

All three of the twirlers were hit freely, and the fielding was at times brilliant, especially on the part of Jennings and Reitz, the latter narrowly escaping accomplishing a triple in the third inning, when, Duffy's liner landing in his mitten, he touched second and caught Lowe off the base, then lined it down to Bowerman to nip Stahl before the latter could get back to the initial bag. The throw was low, however, and the chance was missed.

The champions began the run getting in the second, four hits in succession bringing in two tallies. The other fellows evened up things in their half on a bunt and steal by Stenzel, who took third on Reitz's out and came home when Tenney, in trying to catch him at third, threw so badly that Collins missed it. Clarke then surprised everyone by beating out a bunt, and Stivetts' yellow muff of Hoffer's fly brought another run in and tied the score.

In the next inning a single by Keeler, a passed ball, a wild pitch, a base on balls to Jennings, a single by O'Brien and a long fly brought in three more runs for Baltimore, and the game was practically won. Two more were added to the winners' string in the seventh and eighth, and the visitors got one in the ninth, Yeager hitting to deep left for three bases and Hickman sending him home with a corking double. Hickman died a moment later trying to go to third on Stivetts' force hit. Tenny went out on a fly in Keeler's territory, and Stivetts made the final out when Lowe batted to Reitz, who got it to Jennings before Stivetts reached second. Then the contest for the Temple cup was ended, and so was the season of 1897. Score:

Baltimore.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
McGraw, 3 b.	5	0	0	1	1	0
Keeler, r. f.	5	1	3	1	0	0
Jennings, s. s.	5	1	1	6	6	1
O'Brien, l. f.	5	2	2	1	0	0
Stenzel, c. f.	4	2	2	1	0	0
Bowerman, 1 b.	4	0	1	9	0	0
Reitz, 2 b.	3	[illegible]	0	5	6	1
Clarke, c.	4	2	3	5	0	0
Hoffer, p.	4	1	2	0	1	0
Totals	38	9	[illegible]	27	[illegible]	2

Boston.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Stivetts, c. f.	5	0	0	1	0	1
Tenney, 1 b.	5	0	2	10	0	1
Lowe, 2 b.	5	[illegible]	[illegible]	2	3	1
Stahl, r. f.	4	[illegible]	1	2	0	0
Duffy, l. f.	3	1	2	2	0	0
Collins, 3 b.	4	1	1	1	2	0
Long, s. s.	4	[illegible]	[illegible]	1	1	0
Yeager, c.	4	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	0	0
Hickman, p., l. f.	4	0	[illegible]	[illegible]	2	0
Sullivan, p.	1	0	[illegible]	[illegible]	0	0
Totals	39	3	[illegible]	[illegible]	9	[illegible]

Innings.
Baltimore [illegible]
Boston [illegible]

Earned runs—Baltimore [illegible], Boston [illegible]. Two-base hits—O'Brien, Clarke, Hoffer, Hickman. Three-base hits—Stenzel, Yeager. Stolen bases—Stenzel. Double plays—McGraw, Reitz and Bowerman; Reitz and Bowerman; Reitz, Jennings and Bowerman (2). Left on bases—Baltimore, 7; Boston, 7. First base on balls—Off Hickman, 2. Struck out—By Hoffer, 1. Passed ball—Yeager. Wild pitch—Hickman. Time—1.25. Umpires—Emslie and Hurst.

Plain Names Were Called.

[illegible], Oct. 12.—The [illegible] and [illegible] the depositors of the Security Trust company, who are endeavoring to [illegible] out of their dwelling from [illegible] E. F. Thurber, was held last night and [illegible] the liveliest meeting [illegible] in this city for [illegible] names were called. [illegible] W. M. Slade of the [illegible] that unless [illegible] creditors could be represented there [illegible] of the company's [illegible].

A [illegible] between Messrs. DeWolfe and [illegible] making some startling statements in regard to the condition of the company's affairs. Mr. DeWolfe stated that one of the officers of the bank had lost $200,000 through its failure, and that another officer of the bank was so badly in debt that it was stated by an official that if he lived to be 675,000 years old he could not pay his bills.

Weavers Want More Pay.

Clinton, Mass., Oct. 12.—About 20 weavers in the Clinton Worsted company's mill have refused to go to work until their demands for an increase in the prices paid for weaving are complied with. About 60 hands have been forced out. The company claims it is paying the market price already, and it is stated that if a settlement is not soon reached both mills of the company will be stopped. About 100 hands will be thrown out.

William Rodgers, the head of the company, has offered an advance of 15 per cent, which he claims is as much as he can afford at present, but the weavers are not disposed to accept it. A few of them held a meeting last night and decided not to resume work until a further advance was offered. Mr. Rodgers says that in 1894 a cut of one cent per yard was made, but that the price was restored in 1895. The weavers claim, on the other hand, that on account of the bad warps the old price has not been restored.

Change In Cuban Conditions.

Havana, Oct. 12.—As evidence of more liberal treatment of affairs upon the part of the Spanish authorities, a local paper has been permitted to reproduce interviews, printed in the New York Herald, with a number of Cubans of New York city, in which the latter say they are fighting for the independence of Cuba and not to obtain home rule for the island.

General Weyler has issued an amnesty decree, which includes nearly all the deported Cubans, who will thus be able to return to their homes. Weyler leaves for Spain on the 20th.

Mayor Pressed Button.

Holyoke, Mass., Oct. 12.—Ten thousand people saw Mayor George H. Smith press the button that lighted the electric flag which signalled the opening of Holyoke's festival week at 7:30 o'clock last night. The buildings in the city are completely covered with elaborate decorations, and electrical arches have been erected in different sections. Simultaneously with the lighting of the flag every arch in the city was set ablaze, each having from 100 to 500 incandescent lamps.

The exercises were brief, and consisted of a short address by Mayor Smith, after which the guests were received by a committee consisting of the directors of the Business Men's association.

Death of a Politician.

Lawrence, Mass., Oct. 12.—Jeremiah T. O'Sullivan, the well known Lawrence editor and politician, died at Asheville, N. C., Monday morning. Consumption was the cause of death. The announcement was not unexpected, as O'Sullivan had been in a critical condition for some time, although a letter received Sunday from his brother stated that "Jerry" had improved and was doing well.

O'Sullivan was born in Lawrence in 1871. He was educated in the public schools and afterwards attended the law school of Boston university. He became engaged in newspaper work soon afterwards, and at different times was employed in Lowell, Holyoke, Lawrence and other places.

Came to An Agreement.

Brockton, Mass., Oct. 12.—Representatives of the various unions of the cutters, machine workers, treers and edge finishers held a long meeting last night with the manufacturers, but at the conclusion it was announced that no agreement had been reached regarding the settlement of the strike. The union decided to ask the manufacturers to take back the old men and pay two cents a pair for shoes. This the manufacturers refused to do, as it would turn out men already employed.

EMBEZZLER CAUGHT.

Pilfered From a Connecticut Bank For Ten Years.

Wallingford, Conn., Oct. 12.—Word was received here last night of the arrest at Halifax of Willis A. Trask, treasurer of the borough of Wallingford and teller of the First National bank of that place. As stated in dispatches of the Associated Press two weeks ago, Trask left town a defaulter to the borough of Wallingford to the extent of $2,000. A few days later it was learned that he had defrauded a prominent business man in town. Last night it was officially announced that the man was a defaulter to the bank in the sum of $6,401.87. The amount taken from the borough treasury was immediately made good by his bondsmen, and it is also now announced that Trask's bondsmen have made good the amount stolen from the bank.

President Walter J. Leavenworth and Cashier William H. Newton gave the following official statement last night: "An exhaustive investigation into all departments of the bank has been made, from which it appears that Trask has been a defaulter to the bank in the sum of $6,401.87. Every dollar of this has been made good by his bondsmen. Even if the whole amount were a loss instead of having been made entirely good, as stated, it would not in the least have affected the financial soundness of the bank, as will appear from the official report of the condition of the institution made Oct. 5, which shows the capital stock to be $150,000, the surplus and undivided profits $45,671.11. In other words the surplus of the bank amounts to more than 30 per cent of the capital."

The methods employed by Trask were possible from his position as teller. In the line of his duties he received the bank's deposits, appropriated a portion of them to his own use, and instead of properly entering them, he failed to place numerous items on the books of the bank. His entries on the depositors' pass books were in all cases correct. In receiving deposits he destroyed the deposit slips and appropriated the money.

Trask was located at the instance of the officials of the bank. The man left town about three weeks ago. A few days previously he had been granted a vacation by Cashier Newton. Two weeks before this his wife had given birth to a child and was for many days critically ill. At a time when her condition was most serious Trask suddenly left town. This caused comment, and the wildest of stories were circulated. A notice to the borough officials to the effect that the borough's account at the bank had been overdrawn led to an investigation, which resulted in the discovery that he had absconded with nearly $2,000 of the borough's money. The bank's credence called for an examination into its affairs, which resulted as stated above. As soon as the defalcation was discovered steps were taken to locate the missing man.

A Halifax dispatch says: In an interview Trask stated that he had been falsifying the books for 10 years or more. The accounts were regularly audited by experts, but he had always succeeded in deceiving them until those in authority over him began to realize that he was living beyond his means, or received an intimation from some source that he must be robbing the bank. He declares that he knew Detective Leith was in Halifax before the latter knew where the man he wanted was to be found, and that escape from Halifax and from the officers would have been an easy matter; but he was tired of idleness and wandering, and did not care to make an effort to get away. He believes the disclosure of his whereabouts came through the fact that his presence in Halifax was known to two friends, who accompanied him from Connecticut to St. John, N. B., and then to Halifax. These friends, who were on a vacation, have returned home. When arrested Trask had about $46 in his possession.

MAIL DELIVERY BY COMPRESSED AIR.

A system of pneumatic tubes for the rapid delivery of mail and packages, as part of the equipment of the city postal system, has just been put in operation in New York. The work, which has occupied several months, is now complete, and the tubes are found to work perfectly, sending large packages—among them a live cat—between the postoffice and the produce exchange, a mile and a third away, at the rate of more than a mile a minute. The purpose of the tubes is to connect the central office with the largest contributing and distributing stations, to reduce to a minimum the delay in handling the incoming and outgoing mails. The present tendency is to scatter the points of actual distribution as much as possible, and this naturally involves considerable loss of time in dispatching packages from the centre of all the distribution, the main postoffice. These pneumatic tubes accomplish the end of lessening to an inappreciable fraction time taken in delivering the mails by way of station points. But the advantage of the system need not stop here, for it is claimed that the idea can be extended until it will soon be possible to dispatch mail matter between cities such as Philadelphia and New York and Washington and Baltimore at a much higher speed than it can now be carried by train. If this can be done, the mail service between adjacent cities such as occupy the eastern coast of the country would be practically instantaneous, for by relays it would be possible to send packages from here to Boston by this method. The main advantage, next to the item of speed, would be the freedom from schedule limitations, such as necessarily keep the present mail service from being completely satisfactory. Mail packages could be dispatched at such intervals as might be necessary to give the bulk of matter a continuous flow from city to city.—[Washington Star.

IGNORANCE in regard to paint materials or painting would seem in this age to be inexcusable, when full information can be had free. If interested, it will pay to get pamphlet and color cards, also twelve pictures of houses painted in different shades or combinations of colors, free. Send your address.

NATIONAL LEAD CO., ATLANTIC BRANCH,
287 Pearl Street, New York.

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CRAWFORD SHOE
Shoes

GOOD leather goes into every pair of Crawford Shoes for men. Good workmen use their brains in making them. No detail is overlooked from start to finish. The shoes are made to last, when they're ready for you. They wear well—they fit well—they are stylish. But, above all—they are comfortable.

T. M. NORMAN,
SOLE AGENT,
Newport, R. I.

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Columbia Bicycles,
Standard of the World, **$75.**

All bicycles look pretty much alike when shining with enamel; the question is what lies underneath. No guessing about the quality of material beneath the glittering coat of Columbia bicycles—you know the unequalled strength of the 5 per cent. nickel Steel Tubing used exclusively in Columbias—it gives you a feeling of complete safety.

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BALL-BEARING CARRIAGE.
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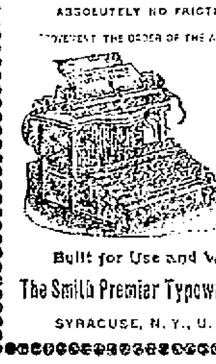

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Hass's, 234 Thames St.
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Funeral Work and Wedding Decorations a Specialty.
My prices are very low. Telephone connection.

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HANDSOME AND CHEAP.
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The Daily News job office has a very large assortment of wood type, specially suited for the proper printing of WINDOW SIGNS.

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HAVE YOU SEEN THE
Twin Cylinder Spring Seat Rest?
Fitted to your wheel for trial. If you don't like it it will cost you nothing.
Bicycles, Sewing Machines and All Kinds of Machinery Repaired at 99 Thames St. The largest repair shop in the city.
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between the nature of the cotton-plant and the habits of a hog, and you have the difference between Cottolene and lard. Cottolene is all that's pure and wholesome; lard has few redeeming features.

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makes your food light, crisp, digestible. Rightly used, it greatly improves the food and the health of those who eat it.

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where he will be pleased to receive their orders for any work in his line.

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A NICE CLEAN LOT OF
Franklin Coal
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Which we will be glad to deliver to our customers. You will be pleased with it.
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148 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.

EVENING SCHOOL TEACHERS.

Selections Made by the Committee Last Night.

The monthly meeting of the school board was held last evening, the members present being Dr. C. F. Barker, chairman; Overton G. Langley, J. W. Horton, G. S. Perry, W. G. Ward, Robert S. Franklin, John Gilpin, A. B. Sayer and W. P. Sheffield, Jr. The absentees were Messrs. Porter, Bacheller and Clarke.

The truant officer's report, as follows, was recived and the recommendations were adopted on motion of Mr. Gilpin, under the rule:

To the Honorable Public School Committee of the City of Newport:

Gentlemen: I have the honor to submit the following as my report from September 7, 1897, to October 10, 1897, inclusive: Number of cases investigated (reported by teachers), 193; number found to be truants, 25; number out on account of illness and other causes, 158; number found not attending school, 45; number sent to public schools, 36; number sent to Catholic schools, 12.

I recommend that William Buckles, Margaret Buckles and Edward McMahon be prosecuted for not attending school, according to law.

Superintendent Baker's report was as follows:

To the Honorable School Committee:

Gentlemen: The record of attendance in the public schools for the four weeks ending October 9 is as follows: Total number enrolled, 2,812; average number belonging, 2,693; average number attending, 2,522.

The Rhode Island Institute of Instruction will meet in Providence October 28 and will continue in session three days.

The teachers were called together twice last week, Tuesday, October 5, to hear Superintendent H. S. Tarbell of Providence speak on the subject of geography, and Thursday, October 7, to hear Mrs. E. B. Wharton and Mr. Harper Pennington speak on the subject of embellishing the schoolrooms. To carry on the work of decorating the schools, funds must be obtained by voluntary contributions, and it is to be hoped that the parents of the school children, and other citizens, realizing the importance of the matter, will assist in raising a large sum of money to purchase busts, casts, engravings, photographs, etc., to be placed upon the walls of the rooms during the summer of 1898. The summer visitors to this city have already contributed liberally toward the embellishment of the schools, although they derive no direct benefit therefrom. Their generosity should be an incentive to those who derive direct benefits to do at least their share in the effort to improve the taste of the children, to increase their knowledge, and to make them happier and more contented.

Not a few of the wall maps are so old that they are almost useless in teaching geography. I have heard of a map of Africa, now used in the schools, that does not show the course of the Congo river. There is also an insufficient number of maps in some rooms for good work in geography. While I do not recommend the purchase of such aids at present, I think the matter should be carefully considered when the financial estimates are prepared next January. Perhaps the greatest need is the need of good maps of our own country.

I have found it necessary, during the past month, to send a great many desks, chairs, blackboards and other furniture to the Calvert school, on account of the large number of children attending the several grades in that building. I have also been compelled to put children of the first grade in the room with children of the second grade, to the detriment of both. The worst feature of the case is the fact that the school year has only just begun, and a great many more children must be provided for before the end of the year.

The various recommendations of the superintendent were then considered. The photographers who desired to take pictures of the scholars and the teachers were given permission to withdraw, it being felt that this course was imperative in view of the fact that there was more than one applicant.

On motion of Mr. Franklin the application of Professor O. W. Huntington of the Cloyne House private school, established at Newport, for the privilege of using the mechanical departments of the Townsend Industrial School, was received. Mr. Gilpin, while not opposed to the innovation, thought that it would be establishing a dangerous precedent by allowing private persons the use of schools paid for by the tax payers. Mr. Gilpin was informed that the petitioner was a resident of Newport even if not a tax payer, and that the influence of a "society" school would be a benefit rather than a detriment. It was said that Professor Huntington would pay for all damage to tools and would be willing to pay the teachers a fair sum for their services, he being in charge of a large class of boys. After some discussion the committee on the Industrial school allowed the professor all the rights and privileges he asked for, the matter having been referred to the committee with power.

In regard to the proposition to allow the school children to visit gunboat Newport upon her arrival here to receive her silver service, a gift of the people of Newport, Mr. Gilpin raised the question that if the children, 2,500 strong, were given official permission to visit the ship, there should rest upon somebody's shoulders a responsibility to the parents. His suggestion provoked much discussion and after a long talk it was felt that no responsibility, as suggested by Mr. Gilpin, should rest upon the school committee.

City Solicitor Sheffield was appealed to, and while he moved that there be a half-holiday on the day of the presentation to the gunboat, he desired that the school board should not be understood as being either directly or indirectly responsible to the parents of the children. Colonel Sheffield's motion prevailed.

On motion of Mr. Franklin it was voted that the schools be closed in order to allow the teachers to attend the annual meeting of the Rhode Island Institute of Instruction in Providence.

Mr. Gilpin, before the vote was taken, said that in view of the fact that the fares of the teachers, whose salaries remain intact, are paid one way and their fees as members of the institute are also paid by the city, they should be compelled to attend. He had heard that some of the teachers did not attend the sessions, that many visited Providence and had never been seen at the meetings; therefore he moved that it be compulsory for the teachers of all the schools, including the Rogers High School, to attend, unless excused for sufficient reasons, by the superintendent.

Mr. Sheffield said that while he did not often agree with Mr. Gilpin, he felt it his duty to endorse his views in this matter, and moved that the suggestion of Mr. Gilpin be adopted. Mr. Sheffield's motion prevailed by a unanimous vote.

Mr. Gilpin, chairman of the committee on evening schools, presented the following report, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That Monday, October 25, 1897, an evening school for men and women shall be opened in the Clarke street schoolhouse, to continue on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings of each week, for a term of twenty weeks (said period to be divided into two terms of ten weeks each), unless, in the opinion of the committee on evening schools, the attendance shall so fall off as to justify an earlier closing of said school; that the following teachers be employed in the evening schools, in the order given as follows: Caroline M. Vose, Jeannette H. Swasey, Mary L. Brayton, Mary A. E. Adams, Annie B. Wilson, Maude W. Simpson, Lillian Boyle, Ella Ward, Clara B. Ward, Hannah B. Thurston, Lillian J. Trager, Minnie B. Goddard, Mrs. E. G. Brown, Martha A. Douglass, Catherine S. Coggeshall, Bessie G. Barker, Charlotte S. Peckham, Anna C. Ward, Miss Corrigan, Katherine W. Hay; that one teacher be employed for every fourteen pupils enrolled, and that the pay be $5 per week, with the exception of Miss Vose and Miss Swasey, Miss Vose to receive $7 per week and Miss Swazey $6 per week.

The committee recommends that the evening school for mechanical drawing and bookkeeping be opened Tuesday, October 26, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock; that the sessions be similar to those of last winter, and that they be held in the Townsend school building; and that William S. Brownell be elected as teacher of bookkeeping and paid $2.50 per night, as his services may be required.

The chairman referred to the steps taken to secure the proposed new schoolhouse in the northern section of the city, saying that the tax payers will be given an opportunity to vote upon the proposition to build a new schoolhouse at the approaching election.

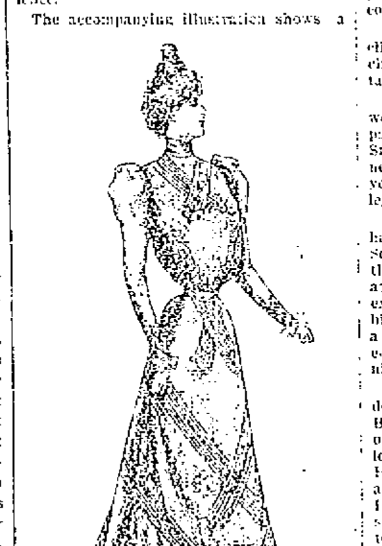
The question of allowing the truant officer a small extra compensation for attending the sessions of the evening schools brought out the fact that the officer is very popular and that he performs his duties well. A rule of the board, which does not elect the officer, requires his attendance at the evening schools, but the City Council, which elects him, makes no reference as to what his duties are. The city solicitor, who is a member of the school board, did not think the board had any jurisdiction in the matter. It was suggested that the City Council, in fixing the truant officer's salary, hereafter define his duties more specifically.

AN EFFECTIVE TRIMMING.

Fashion promises a very liberal variety in trimming. Bands of jet, embroidery, lace, braid and velvet are used. Tiny ruffles of velvet or silk ribbon form another decoration. The selvedges of the fabric are employed in the same way, for tiny ruffles. The lavish use of lace has resulted in a novel trimming of cloth, cut out in delicate scrolls or other lace-like designs. A bright color set under the open work heightens the lace effect.

For simple gowns of the tailor-made variety braid is the trimming par excellence.

The accompanying illustration shows a



severely plain gown of Russian green double cashmere. The skirt is cut with a circular front and sides, and one back gore, which forms one box plait, narrow at the belt and widening out at the foot. The extreme width of this skirt is four yards. The trimming consists of black braid over canary-colored velvet. Thin bands disappear under the box plait at the back, and cross in front, where they appear to be held in place by jet buttons. The blouse fastens at the shoulder and underarm seams, and is similarly decorated. The belt and collar are of the canary-colored velvet.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Steam yachts Marguerite and Sagamore have sailed.

—Mrs. Clement C. Moore has returned from New York.

—The Unity Club will open its winter sessions this evening with a lecture by Mrs. Elizabeth Orr Williams on "Michael Angelo," with music by Miss Mary B. Merrill of Boston.

—The local display man this morning received the following bulletin from the weather bureau at Washington: Hoist southwest signals at 9 a. m. A storm in the lake region, moving east, will cause high southwest winds.

—Mr. Howe, the celebrated criminal lawyer of the firm of Howe & Hummell, was here yesterday, guest of Mr. J. H. Hanan, on board steam yacht Sagamore.

—Mr. George F. Daniels gave a fishing party at Beavertail today.

—The son of the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough, born September 18, will be baptized next Saturday at the Chapel Royal, St. James's Palace. The Prince of Wales will act as sponsor and the Princess of Wales will attend the ceremony if she is in London at the time.

In But One Way Can the Smoothness and the purity of good whiskey be arrived at and that is by age. The loss to the owners is large because of evaporation, but their loss is the consumers' gain, for the subtle changes which the incomparable chemist, Nature, brings about cannot be obtained by any scientific or chemical process. The G. O. Taylor Whiskies are given seven years in which to ripen, thus securing their celebrated smoothness and flavor.

HARVEST.

The corn land is lying in brief, deep rest,
While tempest is sullen, or sunshine blithe;
Sweet is the scent of the furrow refreshed
After the raid of the pitiless scythe.
Now recks it little—come plunder or ruin—
The harvest is carried, the work is done.

The jubilant summer has yielded its sway,
And August has lavished its gold on the year;
Magic of moonlight, dazzle of day,
One long laughter with never a tear!
Harvest of happiness, gathered and stored,
Winds cannot scatter the ample hoard.

Awe of the mountain, and calm of the lake,
Mirth of the valley, and sigh of the breeze;
Freedom of upland, and moorland, and brake,
Music of forests, of torrents, of seas;
Harvest of memories, golden and gay;
Fear not for dearth in the wintry day.

Smooth out the seaweed, and dream o'er its spells;
Tighten and tie up the salt-laden tresses;
Little ones, lay by the basket of shells,
Put on the shoes again, turn down the dresses.
Harvest of health, in its happiest guise,
Rosy-brown faces and laughter-lit eyes.

Ah! but the woods in their mid-summer green!
Bright with the flow of the musical river;
Shading soft blushes with tenderest screen,
Touched with an echo of voices that quiver.
Harvest of love! Is it anything new?
Should Cupid not gather his harvest too?

—[All the Year Round.

FANCIES.

He—What would you do if I were to try to kiss you?

She—I would scream for help.

He—Do you really think I need help?—[Harper's Bazar.

Mrs. Justwed—These eggs are hard yet. How long did you cook them?

Cook—Three minutes, ma'am.

Mrs. Justwed—Well, cook them for ten minutes next time.—[Truth.

"That tenor of ours has a marvelous voice. He can hold one of his notes for half a minute."

"Pshaw! I've held one of his notes for two years."—[Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"I have a message for you from your brother. You know I have just come all the way from East Africa."

"So? Well, you must be very tired; have a chair at once."—[Fliegende Blaetter.

A. D. 2001. First American—I hear that one of England's airships-of-war has seized the moon.

Second American—Yes; she wants to use it as a coaling station on her way to the sun.—[Truth.

Customer—Are my clothes ready?

Tailor—Not yet, sir.

Customer—But you said you would have them done if you worked all night.

Tailor—Yes; but I didn't work all night.—[Harper's Bazar.

"What!" demanded the amazed and angry British tourist: "no 'boots' in this blawsted tavern?"

"Naw; we ain't got no boots!" replied the unabashed porter. "This is a hotel; this ain't no department store."—[Puck.

"Say, Jakey, gimme a bite of your peach."

"Naw, I won't."

"Well, gimme de stone."

"Well, I'll give you de stone. But it's mighty lucky for you dat de peach ain't a pear."—[Cleveland Plain Dealer.

PERSONALS.

....The ex-queen of Hawaii, who is now in Washington, is not seriously ill, as reported, but has recovered from a slight cold.

....Miss Annie S. Peck, the mountain climber, has just accomplished the feat of climbing every peak of the White mountains.

....The State Department has received word that Ali Ferrouh Bey has been appointed Turkish minister to the United States, to succeed Mustapha Bey. The new minister studied in Paris for five years and for two years was secretary of legation at London.

....Governor McLaurin of Mississippi has appointed Senator-elect Hernando de Soto Money United States Senator, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator J. Z. George, whose term would have expired in 1899. Senator George, before his death, had declined to again become a candidate, and the last legislature elected Mr. Money for the regular term beginning in 1899.

....George H. Bridgman, whom President McKinley has appointed minister to Bolivia, is one of the leading physicians of Elizabeth, N. J. He has been a life-long Republican, but has never held office. He entered Dartmouth College in 1876, and four years later took a course in the Harvard Medical School. After a year spent in the hospitals of Boston he went to Keene, N. H., but soon afterward removed to Elizabeth, where he has since lived. His application was endorsed by the entire New Jersey Republican delegation in Congress and several New York physicians.

WOMEN OF COLONIAL AND REVOLUTIONARY TIMES.

In this age of the "new woman" and her rather ostentatious activities, it is peculiarly interesting to compare the modern American type with that which existed when our United States was still in the eyes of foreign critics an impracticable theory. Messrs. Charles Scribner's Sons have just brought out the final volume in a series which makes an instructive comparison of this sort, portraying the lives of some eminent "Women of Colonial and Revolutionary Times." This final volume is devoted to Catharine Schuyler, wife of Major General Philip Schuyler, and the former biographies have included: Margaret Winthrop, wife of Governor John Winthrop of Massachusetts; Dorothy Payne Madison, wife of President Madison; Eliza Pinckney, wife of the famous chief justice; Mercy Otis Warren, sister of patriotic James Otis, and Martha Washington, whose interesting personality has been somewhat merged historically in that of the "Father of his Country." The new volume, with its glimpse of Knickerbocker days, appropriately rounds out the series, the former volumes of which depict life in New England, in South Carolina and Virginia, and in Washington during the days of our first Presidents.

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DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND HOTELS SELL IT.
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designated the Carlsbad Water as the most vigorous stone-dissolving and evacuating medicament. Carlsbad Water has proven to be of great value in Catarrh of the Stomach, Rheumatism, Gout, Habitual Constipation, Torpid Liver, Dyspepsia, Diabetes and Diseases of the Kidneys.

Beware of imitations. The genuine Carlsbad Water and Carlsbad Sprudel Salt must have the seal of the City of Carlsbad and the signature of "Eisner & Mendelson Co., sole agents, New York," on every label.

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Outing Flannels.

1,200 yards pink and blue outing flannels at 7c. a yard.

50 pairs white

BLANKETS,

Handsome red and blue borders, $1 per pair.

WHITE SHAKER FLANNEL

20 yards for $1.

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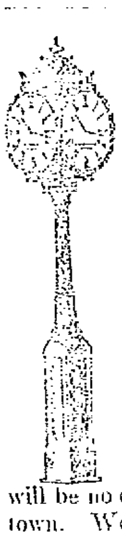
204 THAMES STREET.



FOR FALL GOODS,

And we have them. The latest styles in plaids and novelty goods.

A great many of the fancy goods are in dress patterns which we cannot duplicate, so there will be no others like them in town. We have also the finest line of Taffeta Silk in the city.

Call and inspect the goods whether you wish to buy or not.

☞ Blankets cleansed and rebound for $1.

Whitfield Tuck Dry Goods Co

SKINS ON FIRE

Skins on fire with torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, and pimply humors instantly relieved by a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and a full dose of CUTICURA RESOLVENT.

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Is sold throughout the world. Potter D. & C. Corp., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Itching Humors," free.

BABY'S SKIN Scalp and Hair purified and Beautified by Cuticura Soap.

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48 & 50 Spring Street.

Cheapest place in the city.

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Also Cottages on and near Broadway

INSURANCE AT LOWEST RATES.

DAVIS & WARD,

169 THAMES STREET.

FOR RENT

A NUMBER OF CHOICE FURNISHED NEW YORK HOUSES.

DeBLOIS & ELDRIDGE,

9 WEST 29th STREET.

For Sale,

A Farm of Forty Acres,

Within two and one-half miles of Newport, in excellent order. New house, farmhouse and barn. Price $11,000.

APPLY TO

JOHN WHIPPLE.

RENFREW PARK COTTAGES FOR RENT

AT NEWPORT, R. I.

The cottages are delightfully situated by the sea, handsomely furnished and fitted with every modern improvement, located at the east end of the celebrated Easton's Beach, where there is a private bath house for each cottage. Apply to local agents.

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Real Estate Office, Canonicus Building, 330 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.

Within one minute's walk of the Jamestown Ferry

Also Office Ferry Wharf, Jamestown.

FURNISHED COTTAGES

To rent and for sale. Some of the finest marine building sites on the American coast for sale. Farm plats and maps at offices.

DANIEL WATSON, Agent.

DRUGGISTS.

DOWNING'S

Rum and Quinine

FOR THE HAIR.

An elegant toilet preparation for preserving, restoring and beautifying the hair, rendering it soft and glossy, curing all diseases of the scalp, free from all irritating matter. It softens the hair when hard or dry, acting upon the roots, keeps the scalp in a healthy condition.

PREPARED ONLY BY

DOWNING BROTHERS,

PHARMACISTS.

42 & 44 Broadway.

USE

WRIGHT'S ODONTINE

FOR THE TEETH.

Manufactured by

James T. Wright, Pharmacist,

22 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

W. H. STRATFORD,

Registered Pharmacist.

HAZARD, HAZARD & CO'S.

THE ORIGINAL NO. 6 COLOGNE.

ALL SIZES.

Colgate & Co's Perfumes and Toilet Soaps.

Prescriptions put up with care and dispatch.

Telephone. Night Clerk.

Bellevue Avenue, corner Levin Street.

WM. H. COTTON,

Druggist and Apothecary.

OLD No. 115, NEW No. 226 THAMES STREET

NEWPORT, R. I.

Celery and Dandelion Bitters.

This remedy, as the name indicates, tones up the nerves and stimulates the liver. It contains, in addition to celery and dandelion, the best properties of calisaya bark, rendering it an excellent appetizer.

75 cents a bottle.

PREPARED BY

Geo. A. Wood, - - Druggist.

195 BROADWAY.

INSTRUCTION.

MR. H. C. MacDOUGALL,

Teacher of Piano, Organ and Theory of Music.

[illegible]

Mr. Diman's Boarding and Day School for Boys

Will begin its Second Year September [illegible], in the SWANN COTTAGE, [illegible]

Mr. Diman may be seen at the school on any week day 9 to 12 o'clock until the opening of the term.

Mr. Augustus Hazard Swan,

Pupil of [illegible]

INSTRUCTION IN VOCAL CULTURE.

[illegible]

RESIDENCE 11 CENTRAL COURT.

Mr. Irving P. Irons,

TEACHER of SINGING.

Arrangements for lessons may be made on Mondays at

STUDIO, 57 MILL STREET.

Prof. Loury Louis,

of Boston, Organist of St. Joseph's Church,

TEACHER OF PIANO, ORGAN AND SINGING (Italian Method).

Terms moderate. Hours 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

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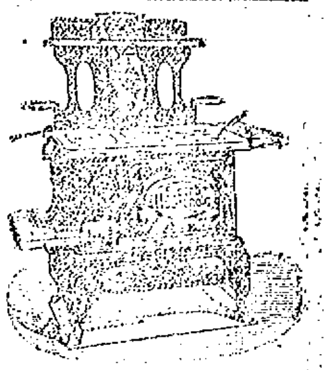
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.



Call and See Our Stoves.

We have a full line of RANGES from $8 to $50. Also a complete line of HEATING STOVES [illegible]

We would call your attention to our

DINNER SETS

Which we are selling from $8.50 to $18.

All [illegible], such as KETTLES, PANS, TUMBLERS, ETC.

CALL AT 138 THAMES STREET BEFORE BUYING ELSEWHERE.

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FURNITURE, CROCKERY AND PICTURES

Packed, Shipped or Stored

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CARPET DEALERS,

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42 CHURCH STREET.

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AND FURNITURE REPAIRING.

John S. Langley,

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Office 10 Franklin St. Residence, 1 School St. Telephone at office and residence.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

500 pairs of pure gum Rubber Boots, SHORT.

(First quality, Woonsocket) while they last at a reduced price,

$2.50 a pair.

Regular price, $4.50, at

The Pilot Shoe Store,

E. T. TRESCHEL, - - Proprietor.

211 Thames Street, Daily News Block

EXAMINE OUR

$3 and $4

BALMORALS

—IN—

Russet and Box Calf.

Seabury Co., 214 Thames St

Arctic Ice Co.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN NATURAL AND ARTIFICIAL ICE.

☞ This company is prepared to furnish ice of the best quality and in any quantity desired.

Prompt attention and delivery by experienced drivers. Telephone connection.

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101 Thames Street.

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WHY

use shells loaded with fine blasting powder,

WHEN

We load them for $2.00 a hundred with "Hazzard's" rifle powder.

AT SOUTHWICK'S,

Telephone.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS AND THE NEWPORT JOURNAL.

T. T. PITMAN, PROPRIETOR.
Office, 207 Thames Street.

News, $6.00 a year. Journal, $2.00

TELEPHONE CALLS,

Business Office, down stairs, 417-2
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms, up stairs, 417-3
Publisher's Residence, 24 High St.

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent anywhere in the United States, postage paid, for $2 a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as the new.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements, without special position, $1 a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpariel type (or five-sixths of an inch) make a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at about one-half these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week, or when both papers are used.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week, and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Electrotypes will be used without extra charge if solid metal; "wood backs" cannot be used with safety to the press.

Advertisers using both the daily and weekly papers receive a discount on the combined rates and gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

PRINTING.

The News has six steam presses and has a large and well-appointed job printing office.

Newport Daily News

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1897.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST ARE SOLICITED, AND WILL BE USED IN THE DAILY NEWS IF THEIR AUTHENTICITY IS KNOWN. COMMUNICATIONS OF ANY KIND SENT TO THIS PAPER MUST BE ACCOMPANIED IN ALL CASES WITH NAME OF SENDER OR THEY CANNOT BE PUBLISHED UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES.

CUBAN AUTONOMY.

It is said, on apparently good authority, that the present Spanish administration proposes a solution of the Cuban problem by granting autonomy to the islanders. If this proposition is made at all, it is doubtless largely in response to the mediation of our own government, which insists that the present conditions must not long continue. Such a proposition on the part of the Spanish government, by which Cuba should be a province something after the manner of Canada, must be taken with many grains of salt.

The Spaniards in matters of this kind are known to be very fickle, and it is scarcely too much to say that they have proven themselves great liars. It is not likely that the Cubans can be induced to lay down their arms by such a promise. They know, as does all the world, that there is not the slightest probability that the promise will be kept. They have heard of autonomy before, and have hoped for it long. In several cases it has been virtually promised them, but in each instance the promise was made a mere makeshift for the settlement of difficulties and for other purposes of gain, and was never fulfilled, and probably never intended to be kept. It is more likely a sop thrown to the United States to prevent interference, and a bow of promise to the Cuban patriots. No one has an assurance, or even a reasonable basis of hope, that after the Cubans have submitted, even the United States government will be able to induce the Spaniards to keep their word.

It is easily to be seen how they could put off the demands of America through the well known arts of diplomacy, which, as in the past, they will be sure to use in the interest of delay. The Spaniards are experts at this, and autonomy, if it is to come at all, will be after a period of many years. And then in another sense the promise is scarcely worth considering, for it amounts to very little through its indefiniteness. Does Sagasta mean by it such liberty as Canada enjoys, including the right to expend and collect her own taxes for herself, with simply a premier appointed by the home government? The only indication which is seen or heard in this direction is that Cuba may have an independent legislature, may make her own laws and transact other business usual in such bodies; but that in every case the representative of the home government shall have an absolute veto power. It is easy to see that Cuban freedom would be confined to narrow limits with such an arrangement as this. The Spanish control under such a system would be as imperious, probably as cruel, and certainly as stubborn, as under the old arrangement. The Spanish ministry should certainly define autonomy and enter into the compact formally before the Cubans would be justified in laying down their arms. It may well be believed that it is as easy for Cuba to win independence as it is to secure any degree of autonomy that will be satisfactory to the people of that island or of this country.

WOMEN'S WORK.

Women as wage earners are everywhere coming to the front. Statistics presented by one of the magazines show that in 1870 there were only about half a million women in the United States engaged in gainful pursuits, almost all of whom were girls at work in the factories of the New England states, and few or none of them could have been found south of Mason and Dixon's line. But in 1897 there are [illegible] wage-earning women in our country, of which the South has its full proportion. Before the war the presence of slave labor, through which nearly all the industries were maintained in that section, created the impression that work was, even if not disreputable, highly unbecoming, especially to women. But now there, as well as in the North, multitudes of both sexes are engaged in honest toil and living happily in the enjoyment of its rewards.

This is the way one of the New York papers speaks of the outcome of the baseball campaign for 1897: "Boston holds the pennant and the Common glows with pride. The ancient codfish wiggles with joy in the state house, and Faneuil Hall revives its echoes of historic oratory. Even the bad Latin on the Shaw monument ceases mute apology for itself, and the Back Bay rouses from its aristocratic languor. The great John L. forgets his grievance against the haughty Quincy, and even G. Fred Williams is happy in his martyrdom. The festive breakfast bean acquires new lusciousness, and the frescoes of the Public Library are riotous. The Hub of the universe is incarnadined."

Evangelina Cisneros has escaped from the Cuban prison, and we are glad of it. But just how she gained her freedom no one seems to know. One account says she got out of the window, and ran over the roofs of adjoining houses. Another describes the process by which a number of Cuban young men came to the rescue, bearing ladders and letting her down from the window. But the latest and strangest of all is the story that the authorities connived at her escape, in order to get her out of the hands of Weyler, and that orders came from Madrid for them to do so. Now all these stories cannot be true, and we are not quite certain that the dear girl is out of durance vile at all.

The grain exportations from this country to Europe are not only larger than ever before in wheat, but also in Indian corn, known over there only as maize. The figures show that no less than 346,-627 tons of corn have been sent into the German empire alone. Last year the exportation amounted to 175,516 tons, and the year before to but 28,791. This Indian corn, though so largely in use in this country in our households, is scarcely recognized as a human food product in Germany. Over there it is said to be fit only for cattle and hogs; but it matters not to us, so long as we are able to sell it to them, as we do now, at good prices.

The Baltimore News says: "Experiments in the raising of sugar beets on the eastern shore of Virginia are said to have been successfully made. This opens a new era in agriculture in that section. The staple crop there for many years has been potatoes. This is one of the infrequent years in which the growers have made money from this crop. Sugar beets can be raised on the eastern shore of Maryland as well as of Virginia, as the soil is similar."

Bishop Thoburn is now settled in Bombay, India. He writes that the plague still lingers in the city, but not to any serious extent. In the towns and villages from thirty to one hundred and fifty miles distant it is spreading, and may yet assume alarming proportions. He says that the famine is abating. A despatch from Bombay, however, says that within a week there have been sixty deaths from the bubonic plague there, and that the government regards the situation as serious.

We quoted a few days since a remark imputed to Senator Platt, that he preferred the triumph of Tammany to that of the Citizens' Union in the choice of Mr. Low. He now denies that he made any such statement, and we cheerfully accept his denial as true. Such a remark would have been a great blunder, and Thomas C. Platt is not given to making blunders. He leaves that to Lauterbach and Quigg, each of whom is an expert in that line.

The New York Tribune is doing valiant service in behalf of the Citizens' Union and in opposition to Platt's machine, though still a standard Republican paper. The New York Times is working in the same direction, and against Tammany, though yet a standard authority in Democratic councils. The Mail and Express supports Low against Tracy, but is still a radical Republican sheet. Verily, things are getting mixed.

Senator McPherson of New Jersey, who has recently died, is said to have left a fortune of five millions of dollars. He was one of the Senators accused of acting upon advance information in his dealings with Wall street. But the investigations did not fully justify this suspicion. He appears, however, to have always been on the right side of the market, when sugar and the Sugar Trust legislation were in sight.

The report comes across the ocean that the Defender, which held the America's cup against the Valkyrie III in 1895, will take part in the regatta at Cannes, France, next spring. Mr. J. V. S. Oddie, secretary of the New York Yacht Club, says he knows nothing about the report, and only wishes he could verify it.

The yellow fever situation in New Orleans and throughout the South generally does not appear to be improving, and yet every newspaper report sent out continues to say that there is no danger of the epidemic extending farther. The public has long since ceased to take any stock in these assurances.

A fine statue to the elder Commodore Vanderbilt has just been presented to Vanderbilt University in Nashville, an institution which he founded. This is now one of the leading collegiate institutions of the Southwest, and is, as he provided, under the control of the Methodist Episcopal Church South.

The enrollment shows that there are [illegible] Republican voters in what is to constitute Greater New York. More than half of these, it is believed, will not vote the Republican ticket for mayor at the coming election. How, then, can Mr. Platt expect to carry his candidate through in triumph?

The semi-centennial celebration in New Bedford proves an occasion of great interest and much enthusiasm to the people of our sister city. We congratulate them on the good time they are having over the fact that the city had a beginning and has lived so long.

Since the appearance of yellow fever in New Orleans the newspapers of that city have to be fumigated before they are sent to their subscribers. There are some newspapers up North which cannot be safely sent into families even by the aid of this process.

The Young Woman's Christian Association in Worcester, Mass., has just paid off the debt of $15,000 on its building, the last $5,000 being given by Mr. Edwin A. Goodnow, whose contributions had already reached the magnificent sum of $30,000.

A correspondent wants to know how many candidates there are in the Ohio Senatorial campaign. There is only one; the others are not in it, and his name is Hanna.

The nomination of Hon. J. W. Horton for senator, to fill the unexpired term of the late Hon. Charles H. Burdick, meets with popular favor throughout the city. This is one of the cases where a nomination is equivalent to an election.

Colonel Waring has declined the proffered nomination for comptroller of New York on the Henry George ticket. And well he might.

The North Atlantic squadron is looked for in Boston harbor tomorrow, and expectation is on tiptoe.

A DOG'S DEVOTION TO DUTY.

The fat, asthmatic pug was taking his recess. His half-blind master had given him a signal to go and roll on the lovely green grass. The basket which he holds so patiently in his mouth all day had been emptied of its pennies, and stood on the ground awaiting his return. Puggie waddled out into the open, and then, like some cramped slave, stretched himself, and barked in wheezy tones of joy at release from the treadmill of mendicancy. The old man, who had ceased to turn the crank of the organ, kept his sightless eyes half closed, for he, too, had knocked off work, but he looked more forlorn and lonesome than when his fat companion sat beside him. Presently a gay and blithesome greyhound, followed by an impudent, self-assertive fox terrier, leaped along the Common mall and dashed into the grassy lawn where Poverty was kicking up its four legs. In an instant the situation changed. High bred and plebeian frolicked together. The asthmatic pug capered until he nearly dropped from exhaustion, but the greyhound ran too fast, and the terrier jumped and rushed as though made of steel springs, and he found that every leap was carrying him farther and farther from his bit of carpet and that eleemosynary basket. So he waddled back to the old stand, but though he sat down and began business, his eyes rolled and goggled after the two light-hearted dogs, and for the space of five minutes at least an observer of the scene wouldn't have taken the odds on Puggie's strength of character. But the force of duty! No, he will never desert Mr. Micawber. So there he sits, a victim of circumstances, but incorruptible, a monument of canine patience, an example for every careless passer-by.—[The Chatterer, in Boston Herald.

AUTUMN TINTS.

The autumn tints on the woods are just as much an astonishment in 1897 as if there had been none in 1896 and in all the years before. There is no exact means of comparison of one year's splendor with another's; in such comparisons, which people are always making, only the evidence of common consent can be called in. Common consent, the Listener believes, ranks the autumnal display of this year above that of several years past. In this part of the country there has certainly been remarkable luxuriance of vegetation this year, which may provide the raw material for a more splendid autumn color than usual. At any rate, the beauty of the woods which overhang the little Massachusetts lakes, where red maples, high-bush blueberries and tupelos abound, is something inexpressible. The red maples vary in color from a pure summer green to intense crimson-purple, grading through pink and scarlet. Now and then a crimsoning tree has enough dark green leaves to give the tree a rich bronzed appearance. The high-bush blueberries supply magnificent purples, and the tupelos are a peculiarly lustrous dark red. Undoubtedly the tupelo is the most splendid in its autumn color of all our trees, individually; but with us it does not exist in such masses as to enable it to compare in general effect with the maple. Decorating the point of a peninsula jutting out into water, with its picturesque down-drooping branches intensely aflame, the tupelo is certainly a tree to remember long.—[The Listener, in Boston Transcript.

A BOON TO THE LITTLE ONES.

How far a little thoughtful philanthropy throws its beams is illustrated by the report of Commissioner Marshall on the expenditure of the income from the Randidge fund during the past summer season. The income of this fund is devoted to providing sailing excursions for poor children, and it appears that there were twenty-six such excursions made during the summer months on account of the fund, and an average number of two hundred children were taken on each trip, making over five thousand children who have been given the benefit of an excursion down the harbor and a day on one of the islands. When it is remembered that to many of these children the harbor has been as a sealed book, and a trip on a steamer an event of their lives, the enjoyment diffused by this expenditure may be realized.—[Boston Herald.

"AMERICAN NOBILITY" AS SEEN BY A FRENCH NOVELIST.

"American Nobility," by Pierre de Coulevain, a French writer of distinction, is a novel of "international" interest at present appearing serially in Le Temps, the leading Paris journal, but published in book form first in English, the translation made by an English friend under the immediate supervision of the author. The author has lived in intimacy with transplanted Americans in France; some of the story and several of its characters are drawn from life, and the novel has a typical value as illustrating that frequent, much-talked-of and widely interesting social phenomenon, the international marriage. It is a fresh theme, freshly treated.

The first part of the novel concerns the courtship of a very rich American girl by a penniless French marquis, whose family dates from the Crusades; the second, their married life for the first few years in the trying situation presented by the complex forces of French, and particularly of Parisian, life. The story is of lively and sustained interest as a story, and it amplifies nothing in romance or art to the moral and social quality of the "problems" it incidentally but powerfully illustrates. It is a picture of manners of French society in the Faubourg St. Germain, at the chateau en province and at the seaside.

And its vivacity is relieved against plenty of fundamental seriousness and even tragedy. But what distinguishes it among novels of manners which are real contributions to literature, and with which it ranks, is the contrast constantly and vividly drawn between American and French ideas, traditions, habits of thought and conduct connected more or less closely with the vital subject of the relations of the sexes. How differently French and American women feel, how different they really are, and the difference in their lives growing out of this fundamental dissimilarity, are strikingly shown. The author is particularly sympathetic in interpreting American feminine character, and the American point of view in all the delicate relations of life involved in courtship, marriage, maternity and society; and the book, aside from its excellent quality as a novel, is also a piquant, suggestive and really profound portrayal of moral and social characteristics possessed respectively by the French and ourselves.

At a Reduced Price!

Until October 15, handsome Country Residence (fine house, stable, trees, etc.) containing about 20 acres of land or somewhat less, will be offered at a PRICE SO REASONABLE that a sale should result; unless sold, it will be withdrawn and occupied by the owner.

Particulars on application to the undersigned.

The property, being extremely desirable, will interest everyone in search of a place of the kind.

R. O. DERBY, 138 Bellevue Avenue.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—By first-class cook situation for few weeks, or would go by the day; best personal reference. Box 64, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation by Scotch Protestant woman for general housework; good cook and laundress; good references. Also girl for light housework; good references. Apply Box 61, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation as maid and seamstress; would do chamberwork or assist with other duties; good references. Apply at 18 Narragansett avenue.

WANTED—Situation by good plain cook, no objection to doing washing and ironing in small family. 57 Burnside avenue.

WANTED—Situation by Swedish girl to do plain cooking in small family. Address 20 Brewer street.

WANTED—Dressmaker will go out by the day or take work home. First-class references, New York and Newport. Box 61, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation by a gardener, English, married, no children, age 42. Thoroughly competent to take charge of gentleman's garden or whole estate, most proficient in all matters pertaining thereto; over 20 years experience in England, 2 years in United States. Disengaged Oct. 27th. J. D., Box 18, Eldred, Sullivan Co., New York.

WANTED—Situation as waitress, or chambermaid and waitress; good references. Address Box 63, Daily News Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Competent girl as chambermaid and waitress; must bring good references with her. Box 55, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Very competent cook, Swedish or French. Apply at Mrs. Johnson's, foot of Bellevue court.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; Swedish girl preferred. 8 Whitehall street.

GENERAL WANTS.

WANTED—Some one to take care of a horse during the winter, for his use. Address Box 15, Daily News Office.

DRESSMAKER will go out by day or take work home. New York references. Box 7, Daily News Office.

WANTED—High grade bicycle in exchange for fine dressmaking. B. K., Box 10, Daily News Office.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Pocket bonbonniere box of green enamel, ornamented with rosebuds; if returned to the Cosmopolitan Library, 124 Bellevue avenue, a suitable reward will be given and no questions asked.

LOST—Sunday night, lady's gold watch and chain. Finder will be rewarded on leaving it at Dr. French's, Halidon hill.

TENEMENTS, ROOMS AND BOARD.

TO LET—Steam heated furnished rooms, with or without board. Apply at 377 Thames street.

WANTED—Room and board for lady. Terms must be moderate. Address Box 63, Daily News Office.

TO LET—Tenement of five rooms; gas and city water. Apply at 501 Spring street. Rent $11 per month.

TO LET—Furnished rooms with board, steam heat, gas and bath; terms from $5. 232 Spring street, corner of John.

TO RENT—Bowling Alley, 25 Long wharf; possession immediately. Inquire at 23 Long wharf for terms, etc.

TO LET—Flat of eight rooms, first floor, 22 Bliss street; gas and city water. Apply to Philip Rider, 80 Pelham street.

TO LET—To small family, upper tenement of six rooms, on Clinton avenue, near Broadway. Apply to William S. Brownell, Daily News Office.

TO LET—Two nice, pleasant rooms, first floor, near postoffice, furnished. Would make nice living rooms for two gentlemen who room together or will be rented for offices. Address box 35, Daily News Office.

TO LET—Lower tenement at 235 Broadway; modern improvements and steam heat. Apply on the premises.

WANTED—Rooms for offices; furnished preferred. Dr. J. P. Curley, Coggeshall avenue.

FURNISHED ROOMS—With modern conveniences, with or without board, at Adams House, 103 Thames street.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—With or without board, at 12 Prospect Hill street. Mrs. C. Anderson.

NOTICES.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mr. and Mrs. James Sullivan and family desire to sincerely thank all those who so kindly assisted them in their recent bereavement.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Joseph Jersky, doing business as the Globe Clothing Company, has this day made a general assignment to me of all his property for the equal benefit of those of his creditors who shall present their claims to me within six months of this date. All persons having claims against the said Jersky are requested to present them within such time and all persons indebted to said Jersky are notified to pay them at once to

CHARLES POLOSHINSKY,
Cor. Charles and Olney Streets,
Providence, R. I.

Newport, R. I., October 12th, 1897.

BANK STATEMENTS.

No. 2556.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

UNION NATIONAL BANK,

At Newport, in the State of Rhode Island, at the close of business, 5th Oct., 1897.

RESOURCES.		DOLLARS.
Loans and discounts		[illegible]
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		[illegible]
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		150,000 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds		[illegible]
Stocks, securities, etc.		[illegible]
Banking-house, furniture and fixtures		[illegible]
Due from approved reserve agents		[illegible]
Checks and other cash items		[illegible]
Notes of other National Banks		[illegible]
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		[illegible]
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, VIZ:		
Specie	[illegible]	
Legal-tender notes	[illegible]	[illegible]
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		[illegible]
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund		[illegible]
Total		[illegible]
LIABILITIES.		DOLLARS.
Capital stock paid in		[illegible]
Surplus fund		[illegible]
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		[illegible]
National Bank notes outstanding		[illegible]
Due to other National Banks		[illegible]
Dividends unpaid		[illegible]
Individual deposits subject to check		[illegible]
Cashier's checks outstanding		[illegible]
Total		[illegible]

State of Rhode Island, County of Newport, ss:

I, J. S. Coggeshall, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. S. COGGESHALL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of Oct., 1897.

W. G. WARD, JR., Notary Public.

CORRECT ATTEST: R. S. Barker, R. B. H. Sherman, W. H. Hammett, Directors.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Oct 12, 8 A. M.—For New England—Threatening weather and rain this afternoon or tonight; Wednesday, probably fair; slightly cooler; brisk to high southerly winds on the coast, shifting to westerly.

FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY.

BOSTON, Oct. 12, 8 A. M.—For Boston and vicinity—Threatening weather, with occasional light showers this afternoon or tonight; generally fair Wednesday; cooler; brisk to high southwesterly to westerly winds.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The centre of the storm has moved to White River, Ont., with a pressure of 29.31 inches. The slow movement of the storm is probably accounted for by the presence of a high barometer over the Canadian maritime provinces, where the pressure registers an inch higher than it does at the centre of the disturbance. Threatening and rainy weather continues in Eastern sections, although in New England and the eastern Middle states the precipitation thus far has been light and scattering. Large rainfalls are reported in parts of the Lake regions. The weather has cleared off in the vicinity of Lake Erie and to the westward, but rain prevails eastward from Buffalo, with high southwesterly winds. The weather is fair in the West; no rain of consequence in Kansas or Nebraska within the past twenty-four hours. Almost summer temperatures have set in in Eastern sections, the rise as compared with yesterday morning's figures being from fifteen to thirty degrees. The temperature is falling in the rear of the storm, and in the Dakotas it is below freezing, while killing frosts are reported in central and western Nebraska. New England skies are cloudy and threatening.

J. W. SMITH,
Local Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

Oct. 12.	8 h	12 h	14 h
Temperature.	64	72	
Barometer.	29.90	29.91	
Wind.	SE	SE	
Weather.	Cloudy	Cloudy	

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 12.

Sun rises......5 h 55 m
Sun sets......17 h 07 m
Moon rises......17 h 40 m
Length of day......11 h 12 m
Day's decrease......4 h 05 m
High water......8 h 13 m; 20 h 32 m

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 13.

Sun rises......5 h 56 m
Sun sets......17 h 05 m
Moon rises......18 h 14 m
Length of day......11 h 09 m
Day's decrease......4 h 08 m
High water......8 h 52 m; 21 h 14 m

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 14.

Sun rises......5 h 57 m
Sun sets......17 h 03 m
Moon rises......18 h 51 m
Length of day......11 h 06 m
Day's decrease......4 h 11 m
High water......9 h 30 m; 21 h 55 m

Moon's Phases.

Last Quarter, October 18, 10 h 09 m, W.
New Moon, October 25, 18 h 23 m, W.
First Quarter, November 1, 9 h 37 m, E.
Full Moon, November 9, 1 h 50 m, W.

NEW TODAY.

Lost—Bonbonniere Box; 4th page.
Notice—John Congdon; 4th page.
Bennett—The New Way; 6th page.
For Sale—Cottage House; 4th page.
John Rogers—Fall Bargains; 6th page.
Wanted—To Buy an Ox Cart; 8th page.
Boston Store—Millinery Display; 1st page.
Wanted—Situation by Gardener; 4th page.
Union National Bank—Statement; 4th page.
Wanted—Someone to Care for Horse; 4th page.
Assignee's Notice—Charles Poloshinsky; 4th page.
Don't Wait—California Catarrh Cure; 7th page.
Card of Thanks—Mr. and Mrs. Sullivan; 4th pg.
T. W. Freeborne & Co.—Auction Sale; 8th page.

Changes of advertisements should be sent in the night before or early on the day of issue to insure insertion.

A Fall Bargain!

For $1,000, a cottage of five rooms, near Bath road; rents for 10 per cent. One half purchase money may remain on mortgage.

HERBERT L. DYER,
Corner Bellevue Avenue and Bath Road.

Gurney Heaters?

Estimates furnished and work promptly executed. Alterations and repairs. Gas fitting and electrical work.

PHILIP F. CONROY,
Telephone. 181 Thames Street.

Place your fire insurance
IN THE
LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INSURANCE CO.
POLICIES WRITTEN FROM ONE TO ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.

FOR SALE.

The studio of Webb & Co. on Bath road with cottage in rear, 124.50 feet front and 125 feet deep. Can be purchased on easy terms. Particulars on request.

HENRY BULL, JR.,
107 THAMES STREET.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—For $5,000, a property in the best residential part of the city, with ready [illegible] feet of fresh lawn, fruit and shade trees, cottage house, with furnace, electric lighting, hot and cold water and bathroom. Room on the lot for another cottage, with desirable frontage. Address Box 58, Daily News Office.

FOR SALE—$40 buys a 22-inch Hoefer Bicycle; ridden 500 miles. Apply at 9 Kilburn court.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the members of the Corporation of the Six Principle Baptist Society of Newport, R. I., that a special meeting of said corporation will be held in the vestry room of the church on North Baptist street in said city of Newport on TUESDAY, OCT. 19, AT HALF PAST SEVEN O'CLOCK P. M., to consider and decide whether said corporation will [illegible] a sum of money and what sum [illegible] and mortgage its real estate to secure the same, and if said question shall be decided affirmatively, then to authorize its Treasurer to borrow the money and make and deliver such note and mortgage in the premises as the Corporation at said meeting may prescribe, and also to transact all other business that may legally come before it.

JOHN CONGDON, Moderator.
GEO. B. SMITH, Clerk of the Corporation.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Oct. 12, Wall Street—The stock market opened with Sugar at 115½, Chicago Gas at 92½, Burlington at 95¾, Rock Island at 85¾, St. Paul at 95⅝, Northwestern at 124⅝, Louisville at 58⅞, Western Union at 89¾, and Southern preferred at 33.

10—Trading at the opening of the stock market was rather quiet, the gains in the standard railroad shares not exceeding half. The Southwesterns displayed a rather easy tone, Kansas & Texas being off ⅛ and Atchison preferred a small fraction. The initial sales of Sugar showed a gain of 1⅛. London sent higher prices.

11—The bears checked the upward tendency by offering round amounts of the high-priced industrials, and caused marked fractional losses in the leading railways. Sugar lost fractionally all of the opening gain, and Chicago Gas fell ⅛. The latter fluctuated very feverishly, but eventually scored a full recovery toward 11 o'clock, with the balance of the list also exhibiting an improved tone.

Noon—Money on call, nominally at 2½ @ 3 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½ @ 5 per cent; sterling exchange, easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.81½ @ ½ for demand, and $4.82¼ @ ¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.82½ @ $4.83½, and $4.85 @ ½; commercial bills, $4.80 @ 80½; silver certificates, 57 @ 58; bar silver, 56⅞; Mexican dollars, 43½; government bonds, firm; 4s reg., 126½; 4s coup., 127. Business was very dull and largely confined to specialties. The bear pressure was resumed against Sugar and Chicago Gas, and prices declined all around to the lowest. Bonds were extremely dull, but steady for most issues. Sales to noon, 127,750 shares.

NEW YORK, Oct. 12.

	Noon.
Atchison	14⅞
Canada Southern	56
Iowa Central	9
Chicago & Alton	163
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	95⅛
C., C., C. & St. Louis	35¼
Delaware & Hudson	115¾
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	159¾
Erie	16¾
Erie preferred	39¾
Illinois Central	103
Lake Shore	
Louisville & Nashville	58⅞
Michigan Central	105¼
Missouri Pacific	31
New Jersey Central	91
New York Central	108⅞
North American Co	4⅞
Northern Pacific	19⅞
Northern Pacific preferred	52⅜
Northwestern	124¼
Northwestern preferred	162
Ontario & Western	16⅞
Oregon Navigation	25
Reading	24⅞
Rock Island	85⅝
St. Paul	95¾
St. Paul preferred	140
St. Paul, M. & Man	122
Southern Railway	10⅞
Southern Railway preferred	33⅜
Texas Pacific	
Union Pacific	22¾
Wabash	7⅞
Wabash preferred	19
Wheeling & Lake Erie	2¾
Wheeling & Lake Erie preferred	14
Cotton Oil Certificates	22¾
General Electric	38⅝
Lead Trust	39¾
Pacific Mail	39½
Sugar Refining	114½
Leather	7⅞
Leather preferred	65⅞
U. S. Rubber	17
U. S. Rubber preferred	63
Western Union	89⅞

A. O'D. TAYLOR,

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

121 Bellevue Avenue, Newport, R. I.

SMALL COTTAGES TO LET.
1 on Powel avenue, monthly $17.
1 near Equality Park, $15.
1 on Evart street, $12.
1 on Houston avenue, $8.

SUPERIOR TENEMENTS.
1 on Howard street, $16.
1 on Mill street, $18.
1 on Narragansett avenue, $15.
1 on Perry street, $10.

FOR SALE—Cottage House of 8 rooms, in excellent condition—$2,500. Will lend $1,500 on it.

OFFICE HOURS, 9 Morning till 6 Evening.

DIED.

SULLIVAN—In this city, 11th inst., at the residence of her uncle, Timothy Houlihan, 63 West Broadway, Mary Sullivan, aged 23 years.

CRANSTON—Entered into rest, in this city, 12th inst., Harriet S., sister of Mr. William S. Cranston, and daughter of the late William S. and Elizabeth Cranston.

BLIGHT—On Tuesday, Oct. 12th, Nina Greenough, wife of Atherton Blight.

PELL—In New York, 11th inst., in the ninety-first year of her age, Katherine Elizabeth Pell, widow of Archibald M. Pell, and daughter of the late Nicholas Gouverneur Rutgers.

MACDONALD—In Providence, 10th inst., James MacDonald, in the 71th year of his age.

HAUSENSTEIN—In Providence, 10th inst., Helen, wife of Hubert Hausenstein, in the 75d year of her age.

McELROY—In Providence, 11th inst., William McElroy, aged 70 years.

MORTON—In Pawtucket, 10th inst., David Morton, in his 67th year.

LAWRENCE—In Seekonk, Mass., 11th inst., Annie, widow of James Lawrence, in the 85th year of her age.

ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker and Embalmer, 322 & 324 Thames street. Residence, 104 Mill street. Telephone at office and residence.

Pure, rich blood feeds the nerves. That is why Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, cures nervousness.

FOR SALE.

The Jones Estate on Warner and Channing Streets.

THIS IS AN EXCELLENT PROPERTY RUNNING FROM WARNER TO CHANNING STREET, WITH A HANDSOME FRONTAGE ON THE LAST NAMED AVENUE AND WOULD CUT UP TO SPLENDID ADVANTAGE. FULL PARTICULARS AT MY OFFICE, WHERE PLAT MAY BE SEEN. CONNECTED BY TELEPHONE.

SIMEON HAZARD,
Real Estate Rooms, 91 Broadway

MILLINERY.

Fall Opening!

—OF—

FRENCH and DOMESTIC PATTERNS,
Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday,
October 12, 13 and 14.

F. N. DAWLEY, 111 Thames Street.

Autumn Exhibit!

PATTERN HATS and BONNETS,
Wednesday, Thursday and Friday,
October 6, 7 & 8.

M. E. Tobin, 48 Washington Sq.
OPPOSITE STATE HOUSE.

A CARD.

Miss N. L. Mason (formerly trimmer for A. A. Watson),

Will Open Millinery Parlors at the Old Stand, 34 Clarke Street,

On and after September 20, with a full line of the latest styles in millinery. N. L. MASON.

Photographs of the Highest Class

AT

THE MOWREY STUDIO,

Corner Thames and Marlboro Streets.

OUR PLATINUM EFFECTS ARE UNEXCELLED.

Open Saturday evenings from 7 to 8:30 for the delivery of work.

CAUGHT IN HALIFAX.

Defaulting Wallingford Town Treasurer and Bank Teller Arrested.

WALLINGFORD, Conn., Oct. 12.—The news of the arrest at Halifax, Nova Scotia, of Willis A. Trask, the defaulting treasurer of the borough and teller of the First National Bank, has caused a profound sensation in this town. The excitement is augmented because of the fact that Trask has been unusually prominent in the affairs of the town, and his family connections are of the highest order. He had held several positions of trust, and was chairman of the Republican town committee some years ago. At one time he was connected with the Congregational church in the capacity of treasurer of one of its departments.

DAYTON'S DECISION.

Interest Transferred from Waring to the Ex-Postmaster.

NEW YORK, Oct. 12.—Easily first in point of political interest today is the eagerly awaited decision of ex-Postmaster and Tammany Chief Charles W. Dayton concerning the proferred nomination for comptroller on the Jeffersonian Democracy (George) ticket. Those who believe that Mr. Dayton will accept as positively as Colonel Waring is said to have declined think the former will be influenced in his decision by the hope of successfully antagonizing the dominatrix of Richard Croker, who bears bitter feelings against Mr. Dayton. As Ashbel P. Fitch seems to be regarded in business circles as the strongest nominee for comptroller the Republicans (speaking on broad lines) could have nominated, Mr. Dayton is deemed the strongest as a Democratic nominee.

It is announced this morning that so far from being willing to supplant Justice Van Wyck as Tammany's leading nominee, Justice William J. Gaynor of Brooklyn will support Henry George for mayor. Certainly the current campaign has brought about some remarkable preferences. Mayor Strong is announced as a speaker in Low's behalf and Bourke Cochran as one of General Tracy's most effective orators.

Stress is always laid, in New York campaigns, upon the way betting odds are laid by the brokers on the Stock Exchange. Up to date there has been so much timidity that the wagers offered or laid could not possibly be regarded as indicative. There are statements of offers of ten to seven in favor of Van Wyck, but as these seem to be coupled with the statement, "If he stays on the ticket," they are not regarded as settling the odds.

New White Star Freight Steamer Launched.

BELFAST, Oct. 12.—The new White Star steamer Cymric was launched here today at the yards of Harland & Wolff. She is a freight and passenger steamer of 12,000 tons, considerably longer than the Georgic, which is the largest of the White Star line freight steamers now in the New York service.

Killed by Burglars.

CAMDEN, N. J., Oct. 12.—Mrs. Vane, aged sixty-five years, widow of Captain Eli Vane, and her daughter, Mrs. Sarah M. Shaw, aged forty years, were shot and killed early this morning, it is believed by burglars. Mrs. Vane was instantly killed and Mrs. Shaw expired in less than half an hour without recovering consciousness.

Today's Bank of England Bullion Withdrawal.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance today was £200,000.

SECRETARY LONG'S ESTIMATES.

In his annual estimates to Congress, just transmitted to the Treasury Department, Secretary Long has included several new items of great importance to the naval service. He has asked for $1,000,000 for smokeless powder for the next fiscal year, and wants $500,000 for a reserve supply of ammunition and $500,000 for the purchase and assembling of guns for auxiliary cruisers.

In addition, the Secretary has asked for $100,000 for capping armor-piercing shells. These caps will be made of soft steel and will be fitted to the points of the projectiles. Exhaustive tests made at the Indian Head proving grounds have demonstrated that these caps aid shells considerably by breaking up the hardened surface of a plate and thus leaving to the projectiles the comparatively easy task of getting through the softer portion of the target. Caps have been adopted by all European nations as a result of trials made abroad.

The Secretary has estimated that the cost of a smokeless powder factory will be $93,727. The ordnance bureau originally estimated nearly $700,000 for the construction of a factory which would turn out five tons of smokeless powder a day. The factory which the Secretary has estimated for will turn out only about one thousand pounds a day, but this, ordnance officials say, will be ample to supply the service.

An estimate has also been submitted for $50,000 for the purchase and erection of cartridge making factories at the Washington navy yard and $30,000 for the purchase and erection of new machinery for the gun plant.

Secretary Long has asked for $210,000 with which to build houses and tracks for hauling torpedo boats to the houses prepared for them.

DEATH OF MRS. ATHERTON BLIGHT.

Mrs. Blight, wife of Mr. Atherton Blight, died at her cottage on Bellevue avenue this morning, after a long illness. She leaves three daughters, one of whom was married at All Saints' Memorial Chapel September 1 to Mr. William Page Thompson. The deceased was until a few years ago prominent in social circles, until failing health caused her partial retirement from fashionable and other assemblies. She was a charming and strikingly handsome woman. Her father was Mr. Richard S. Greenough, the well-known sculptor, now residing in Italy.

NO SHIPS IN THE GULF.

The administration has practically determined to keep the North Atlantic squadron away from the Gulf during the coming winter. While no orders have been issued, it is generally understood that Secretary Long will follow the course pursued by his predecessors and keep the ships away from Cuba. This means that during the cold season the headquarters of the squadron will be at Fortress Monroe, and their evolutions will be held on the Southern drill grounds, just outside of the Capes.

The intention to keep the ships in Northern waters is due, it is understood, to the desire to refrain from giving any evidence of a purpose to intimidate Spain. The negotiations between the two governments are so delicate in their character that the President does not want to affect them by making what might be considered by the Spanish a display of force.

CLOSE OF THE COURT.

Cases Heard Yesterday Afternoon in the Appellate Division.

The appellate court, Judge Rogers presiding, came in at half o'clock yesterday afternoon, when the case of Edward H. Hambly vs. Michael Hayden, both of Tiverton, was called. Mr. German, counsel for defendant, explained why he had neglected the case. He had not been his client and was not ready to go on. Mr. Ives wanted to push the case, and after some sparring for position suggested that he would put in his evidence and let Mr. German submit his at Providence at such time as might be decided on. This seemed to be the best that Mr. German could do, so he accepted.

The case was one for trespass, damages being claimed for an assault committed by defendant on plaintiff May 13. The first witness called was John T. Hampson of Tiverton, who on the date given was with plaintiff, when Hayden came along with his wagon and began tearing down a stone wall built across a private way leading to his house, and about across the road from Hambly's house. Hambly called to Hayden to stop, but he at first refused, and then attacked Hambly. Kicking him and striking him about the head until he dropped. Witness interfered to protect plaintiff as much as possible. Levi Grinnell came up and Hayden stopped. Hambly offered no violence to Hayden. Since then Hambly has been unable to do any work. June 2 he had a stroke.

Mr. German here took the witness in hand. He stated that defendant had a right of way to his house, which plaintiff closed, and when he tried to re-open it was attacked by plaintiff; hence the fight. Witness acknowledged that Hayden had used the way to his house for many years, and that on the morning of May 13 Hambly, Grinnell and witness had built the stone wall across it after Hayden had left home.

Levi Grinnell testified as to Hambly's condition; also Mrs. Annie M. Carr and Dr. Dedrick, who attended him. The plaintiff here rested. The defense will come later.

The case of George S. Flagg against P. H. Horgan was next called. It lasted for several hours, and was one of those long-drawn-out, tedious cases, which was enlivened only by the efforts of the judge to keep things going straight and to hurry the lawyers, as there was no jury to be influenced by their sallies of wit. Flagg had a mortgage on the property of Russell Allen in the saloon 10 Franklin street, owned by defendant. He tried to remove the property, but those in the place, under orders of Mr. Horgan, refused to let it go. Flagg made an inventory of the goods, which footed up $1,161.20. Of these he received back or took out goods valued at $57.65, leaving a balance of $1,103.55 still in Mr. Horgan's possession.

In defense Mr. Horgan claimed that the bar, backbar, mirror, partitions, etc., claimed by plaintiff, were parts of the building, or so attached that they could not be removed, legally, by plaintiff—perhaps not by the tenant; hence, though he had a mortgage on them and had bought them at mortgagee's sale, he had no right to remove them. He said that he had never refused to let Mr. Flagg take all the movable or personal property there was in the place. It took a good many hours and a large number of witnesses to tell the tales of this transaction, but they finally were finished, and Judge Rogers, who lost all chance of going home last night, owing to this case, took the matter under advisement.

There had been patient waiters in two divorce cases, who finally got a hearing. There was a little further attempt to adduce proof in Dear vs. Dear, but it fell considerably short of the mark, and the court allowed the case to stand continued.

Mr. Callaghan presented the case of Minnie H. Openshaw vs. Samuel R. Openshaw, both parties being of Newport and the allegations being continued drunkenness, desertion and neglect to provide. The proof of facts in the case was satisfactory. The marriage certificate, like one produced at the morning session, was really worthless, because the minister who performed the ceremony had neglected to sign himself as a minister of the gospel. But marriage certificates are not like some other documents, and such defects are cured by oral evidence. There was, however, a more serious defect in the notice to respondent to appear in the case, by which error the respondent might claim that his case was not in order until a year from now. Nobody doubted that he fully understood that it was this September, but the court very obligingly stayed over until this morning on purpose to have the matter cleared, suggesting that a written statement of respondent be obtained to the effect that he understood it so and consented to a change of the date on paper, making it read correctly.

Although the error was not his, Mr. Callaghan consented to attempt to get such a paper from respondent, and at 7:37 the court adjourned to 9:30 o'clock today.

This morning the court had a very brief sitting. Although considerable enterprise had been shown, it was understood, in the attempt to comply with the court's suggestion, Mr. Callaghan and Mr. Openshaw had failed to connect, but it was hoped to get the paper later. As all divorces are "granted nisi," which in divorce matters means subject to review at any time within six months, it may be that a decree in this case will go into effect at about the same time as will those in other cases heard yesterday. This case completed the business of the September session.

Yesterday's sessions were a sort of revelation of the advantages of the new court system (still new here, in parts, although on the statute books for some years past) in regard to trying cases without the tedious delays and cumbersome and annoying details that go with a jury trial. Those who have complained about the untrained state of jurors would be highly pleased with the fully equipped jury of one that decided the disputes as to facts yesterday, for Judge Rogers, who was judge and jury all in one, took a very important part in questioning the witnesses and personally examining the papers with an eagle eye, detecting more than one error or omission. Judge Rogers seems singularly gifted for this sort of work, and to a very unusual degree mixes just the right amount of law with a great quantity of good, democratic common sense. His frank comments were interesting, but in his study and questioning of witnesses there was a short, quick route straight to the mark. While he was very considerate of all, no judge has ever kept the contending elements of the court arena in better check than did he at the sessions yesterday. Time enough was taken to be deliberate, yet there was a large amount of work accomplished.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mrs. J. Townsend Burden gave a dinner last night.

—Fishing sloop E. A. Hooper is hauled out at Crowley's.

—The golf links will be open to members until the middle of next month.

—Mrs. Felix A. Peckham is very ill at her home on Green End avenue, Middletown.

—Miss Katherine Duer of New York, who recently returned from Europe, is visiting Miss Brooks.

—Arrivals at the Perry House include H. T. Grant, James E. Moore, R. F. Sawyer, Boston; W. B. Lewis, Providence; John C. Olmstead, Brookline, Mass.; B. S. Gibb, New York.

—Steamer G. W. Danielson brought one hundred and sixty barrels of squiteague and bluefish from Block Island yesterday. Today the southwest storm was too severe at 1 o'clock, her hour for starting, to allow her to return to the island. It also kept the fishing fleet at anchor in the harbor, for the second consecutive day.

JAMESTOWN.

(Regular correspondence of the News.)

The house being built for A. H. Peckham on Walcott avenue has been raised and boarded. The foundation is being put in for the new house for Captain Chandler on the Shore road. Mr. Charles Mauran of Newport is building an attractive house on his property near Conanicut Park.

A large party from Jamestown attended the services at the North church last evening.

President of the Town Council T. Carr Watson, who has the contract to build the sewer on the north and south road to the beach, will commence operations at once. Councilman Gardner will look after the interests of the town during the construction. It is the opinion of many in the town that through false economy in the matter of sewers and public works it will be necessary in a few years to do a large part of the work over again and the money spent thus far is simply thrown away. In most cases the sewers put in are not adequate for the requirements at present, and as the town increases rapidly it will be but a short time before it will be a necessity to replace them by larger ones. In some places the sewers have been laid at a grade above the bottom of cellars, and of course are useless so far as draining these cellars is concerned. Much of the other public work has been done after a similar plan, and will soon need to be replaced at great expense.

Schooner Annie V. Bergen is discharging a cargo of furnace and pea coal for the ferry company.

It is estimated that about one hundred persons from Newport visited the Jamestown fishing rocks Sunday.

Tax Collector Caswell reports the receipts from taxes unusually large up to date.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Weeden have returned from a visit to West Brookfield, Mass.

The engine of steamer Beaver Tail is being overhauled by Engineer Brooks. The boat is lying at the West ferry.

Captain L. B. Briggs has completed a large boat house on his shore north of the West ferry wharf.

NEW YORK SOCIETY NOTES.

There are likely to be a good many absentees this winter among the smart set. Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Vanderbilt are said to have it in contemplation to go abroad, and the same is rumored of Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills. These, with the larger contingent who always depart in February, will make a big hole in society's ranks, during at least a part of the winter.

The engagement of Miss Eilsen O'Donnell to the Count de Seyr, which has been only recently announced, will not result in a marriage until the opening of the new year. Miss O'Donnell belongs to the well-known Baltimore family of that name, is an orphan, a niece of Mrs. Adrian Iselin, and on her mother's side of Governor Carroll, and cousin of Miss Helen Carroll, who is now Mrs. Herbert Robbins. There will be, therefore, not many gay and pretty wedding shows to bring the young and gay to town, and those who are compelled to remain in New York must content themselves with the glitter of streets and shop windows and the nightly amusement of theatres and music halls.

A great deal of speculation is going on about the coming winter, and doubts and hopes as to its gayety are freely expressed. To a casual observer the lookout is not promising. Aiken, that most seductive of Southern homes, is almost ready for its winter colony. Mr. and Mrs. Royal Phelps Carroll have already closed their Newport cottage and are preparing to occupy their Aiken home. All last winter's colony will return thither, and the new cottages that have been built during the summer are nearly all taken. In town the new houses that are being built in upper Fifth avenue are not yet ready for occupancy. Mr. William C. Whitney, after his return from abroad, will live in the present residence of Mr. Oliver Harriman, in West Fifty-seventh street, and the new ballroom in the Sixty-eighth street house, about which so much has been predicted, will certainly not be opened.

NAVAL NOTES.

Surgeon G. C. Heraldn has been ordered to temporary duty in the bureau of medicine and surgery.

Assistant Engineer A. Hartrath has been detached from Mare Island and ordered to the Marietta.

The Navy Department yesterday authorized a number of payments upon naval vessels in various stages of construction. The Newport News Ship Building Company received the thirteenth payment on battleship Kentucky, amounting to $67,500; the seventh payment on battleship Illinois, $77,850, and the thirteenth payment on battleship Kearsarge, $67,500; the Union Iron Works of San Francisco the eighth payment on battleship Wisconsin, $86,240, and the Herreshoff Manufacturing Company the second payment on torpedo boat Talbot, $7,020.

PORTSMOUTH.

Business of the Monthly Meeting of the Town Council.

(Regular correspondence of the News.)

The session of the town council and court of probate for the month of October was held in the town hall Monday afternoon, all the members being present with the exception of Councilman Charles G. Thomas.

The petition of Mrs. Emeline Brown for the appointment of William D. Taylor of Wakefield, R. I., as administrator on the estate of Dennis Coggeshall was taken up, and Mr. Taylor was appointed, being required to give a bond for $6,000. William T. Carr and John Henry Chase were accepted as sureties, and William P. Carr, John Henry Chase and Herbert F. Hall were appointed appraisers of the personal estate.

William D. Taylor, administrator on the estate of Dennis Coggeshall, presented a petition praying that he be authorized to sell certain articles enumerated in the inventory, which was granted, on condition that such sale shall not be made for less than the inventory appraisal.

A petition was received from Peter D. Boyd, praying that his wife, Mary Anna Boyd, be appointed administratrix on the estate of Amy Jane Tallman, and the petition was referred to the second Monday in November, with an order of notice.

The petition of Edward A. Smiley, praying that he be appointed administrator on the estate in Rhode Island of his wife, Elizabeth W. Smiley, late of Minnewaska, N. Y., was granted, and Mr. Smiley was required to give bond for $100 for the payment of debts.

The petition of Edward A. Smiley, praying that he be appointed guardian of the estates in Rhode Island of his minor children, Agnes M. Smiley, Marion E. Smiley, Margaret R. Smiley, Helen O. Smiley and Elizabeth W. Smiley, all under the age of fourteen years, was granted, and Mr. Smiley was required to give bond for $1,000, with Richard W. Macomber and Elwood G. Macomber as sureties. Henry Anthony, Henry C. Anthony and William L. Sisson were appointed appraisers of the estate.

Timothy F. McCarty and Julia F. Brownell presented a petition praying that Charles E. Brownell be appointed administrator on the estate of John Francis Brownell, which was referred to the second Monday in November, with an order of notice.

Howard M. Brownell of Philadelphia presented a petition praying that William T. Harvey, or some other suitable person, be appointed administrator on the estate of John Francis Brownell, and the petition was referred to the second Monday in November, with order of notice. Howard M. Brownell also presented a petition praying that William T. Harvey be appointed custodian of the estate of John Francis Brownell, which petition was granted.

Charles E. Chase and others were granted a license to hold dances and entertainments in the town hall at any time during October, November and December, 1897, and January, February and March, 1898, upon the payment of $1 for each dance or entertainment.

Councilman John B. Cornell was appointed a committee to make certain improvements in the cellar of the town hall, the cost not to exceed $30.

Constant C. Chase was granted a license to hold dances and entertainments in Eureka Hall at any time during the months of October, November and December, 1897, and January, February and March, 1898, he to pay $1 for each dance or entertainment.

It was decided necessary to have guideboards placed at the gate leading to the town asylum from the West Main road; at the junction of the East Main road and the Middle road, near the Town Hall; at the junction of the East Main road and the old Turnpike road; at the corner of the old Turnpike road and Sprague's lane, at the corner of Boyd's lane and Bristol Ferry road; at the corner of Stone Bridge road and the East Main road; on the East Main road opposite the foot of Sprague's lane, at the corner of Child's lane and East Main road, and at the corner of East Main road and Black Point avenue.

Bills against the town were allowed and ordered paid as follows: C. Henry Dyer, for repairs on roads in district No. 4 in Rhode Island, $66.11, and on Prudence Island, $3.50; Gideon Manchester, for services as draw-tender at the Stone Bridge from June 25 to September 25, 1897, $37.50; C. Henry Dyer, for repairs on roads in district No. 1 (Prudence Island), $121; Joseph Coggeshall, for school supplies, $30; William H. Martin, for four months' services as keeper of town asylum, $120; Henry Anthony, for repairs on roads in district No. 1, $13.75, and for ladder for town hall, $2.25; John B. Cornell, for repairs on roads in district No. 3, $117.82; William T. Harvey, for assistance to outside poor to this date, $7, John L. Tallman, council's allowance this session, $12.

The town clerk was authorized to procure a new book for the record of land evidence.

THE "GLENWOOD" RANGE

Has long been the leading and most popular range wherever sold, and has gained a reputation never before equalled by a cooking range in this city.

Range and range ware complete, only $20.

WALSH BROTHERS,
SOLE AGENTS.
222 Thames Street.

For Nice Lean

Sugar Cured Hams

At the lowest market prices,
GO TO
THE POINT MARKET,
Corner Bridge and Washington Streets.
T. GLADDING & SON.

A RARE CHANCE.

All summer I have had displayed and for sale a large and varied collection of

MINERAL SPECIMENS

From different parts of the world. It has been a rare chance for scientist and student to add to their collection, or begin the formation of one. If you are interested and haven't seen them, don't neglect to do so at once, for I shall keep them but a short time. Beautiful specimens can be obtained for

25c. and upward.

MUELLER, - Scientific Optician,
108 BELLEVUE AVENUE
ESTABLISHED 1853.

AT THE FIRST SIGN

that your eyes are hurting you should visit us. It may mean blindness if you persist in thinking that it is nothing and that it is not worth while to attend to it. It will only take a little of your time and money to have us test your eyes and fit you properly. No charge for examination.

WILSON, Optician,
88 Broadway.

Caswell, Massey & CO.,
CHEMISTS.

Pure Distilled Water,
50c. a carboy of 5 gallons.

Siphons of Vichy
Carbonic Lithia Seltzer,
$1.50 a dozen, made with our distilled water.

All Native and Foreign Waters in Stock
Physicians' Prescriptions receive the most careful attention.
Goods delivered promptly to all parts of the city

212 Thames Street, Cor. Church,
6 Casino Building,
Hotel Thorndike, Jamestown.

Young Spring
Ducklings and Goslings
—AT—
ROONEY'S MARKET,
251 THAMES STREET

A. Livingston Mason,
(Trustee estate of Isaac Hartshorn.)
Care and Management of Estates
20 years' experience as Trustee and Agent. Monthly or quarterly returns.
OFFICES: Hartshorn Building, Providence, and at residence, Halidon Hill, Newport. Telephone.

TEAZLE CLOTH

is an excellent material to make up into dresses skirts, etc. So table for this season of the year. We have it in the latest patterns at

10c. per yard.

DAISY CLOTH,

in different shades, at

12c. per yard.

Rob-Roy Plaids

are "all the go" this season. We have them in pretty colorings at

12½c per yard.

FLANNELETTE,

a superior grade 20 yards for $1.

Outing Flannels,

the heavy grade, usually sold at 10c per yard, we sell at 7c. per yard.

45 CUTS
Unbleached Sheeting,

yard wide, regular price 7c per yard, for this week 20 yards for $1.

Lewis's
72 BROADWAY

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ECT.

UNITY CLUB
WILL MEET
Tuesday Evening, Oct. 12,
AT 8 O'CLOCK, IN
Channing Memorial Church Parlors,
At which time
Mrs. ELIZABETH ORR WILLIAMS
Will lecture on the subject:
"MICHAEL ANGELO,"
Introducing Longfellow's Dramatic Poem, illustrated by classical music by Miss Mary E. Merrill. The public and city invited.

The Second Baptist Church
will give an entertainment at the house of Mr. John B. Peckham, 31 Bell street, TUESDAY EVENING, AT 8 O'CLOCK, consisting of
Singing, Music and the Sale of Candies and Useful Articles.
The proceeds are for the purchase of heating apparatus. If not fair will take place Thursday evening. Tickets 10 cts.

Entertainment and Social.
The ladies of Holy Cross Guild of Middletown will give an entertainment followed by a social at the Town Hall in Middletown, Wednesday eve., Oct. 13. Entertainment to consist of Readings and Recitations by Mrs. Hough and the Misses Hough of Providence. Admission, 25c; Social, 25c. Ice Cream and Cake on sale.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

THE GRAMOPHONE
RENDERS
Songs, Speeches, Solos, etc.,
with wonderful accuracy. Price only $10, including two records. Extra records, 50c. each or $6 a doz. Call and see it.
The Pocket Kodak, Falcon, Bull's Eye and Quad Cameras, prices from $5 up. A full line of PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES.
GEO. H. CHASE, Over 201 Thames St
(Up one flight.)

PARLOR GOLF,

The New Indoor Game.

This game is unquestionably the most remarkable, the most ingenious and the most fascinating which has ever been devised for indoor use. It is, in miniature, a game of field golf, played with a ball and a complete set of sticks, making demands upon the player for all the patience, accuracy and skill which field golf requires, and rewarding him with all the keen satisfaction and intense interest which the game on the links inspires.

A. C. LANDERS,
167 Thames Street,
Headq'rters for Outdoor and Indoor Games

Music Hall

248 & 250 THAMES STREET.

Dancing and Banquet Halls.

Ample Ante-Rooms with all modern conveniences.

For terms and particulars apply to D. W. Sheehan, Wholesale Wines, Liquors, 13 to 20 Kinsley's wharf.

OUR Specialties!

Heavy and Light Cream,
Fancy Creamery Butter,
Coggeshall Farm Eggs.

LANDERS & PECKHAM,
167 THAMES STREET.

CONFECTIONERY.

ESTABLISHED 1875.

If you want something nice for evening or theatre party, you should get some of our BON BONS and CANDY. All warranted fresh and to be of the highest quality. All connoisseurs appreciate the excellence

Frasch's
BON BONS AND CANDIES.
YOU WILL FIND OUR PRICES RIGHT.

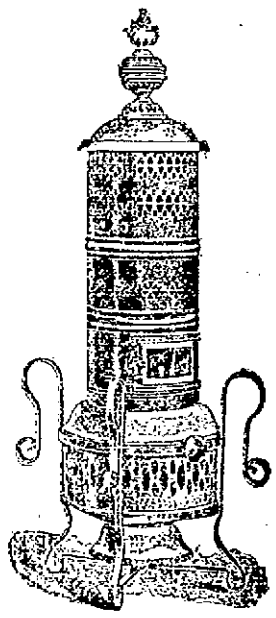
Our ice cream is unsurpassed by any for quality. It is delicious and healthful. Try

FRASCH'S ICE CREAM, All Flavors.

C. F. Frasch,
170 THAMES STREET, NEWPORT.

Fenton's Home-made Candies

Bon Bons, Chocolates a Specialty.
Fancy Baskets, Bonbonieres, Dinner and Cotillion Favors.
128 BELLEVUE AVENUE.



$2.98
BUYS A FINE
OIL HEATER

That is a perfect gem. No smoke, no smell. Come and see it.

50,000 FALL BULBS

Just in for fall planting.
—AT—
THE GEO. A. WEAVER CO.'S,
19 to 23 Broadway, Newport.

THE MIYAMI TURKISH BATH CO.
Turkish, Vapor and Electric Baths.
LOCAL TREATMENT FOR RHEUMATIC TROUBLES.
38 CORNE STREET,
Between Prospect Hill and Pelham streets.

Pasturage for Horses,

Near Newport. Good water; plenty of grass. For further particulars address Peckham Brothers, P. O. Box 195.

WATER.

Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 5 West Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M.

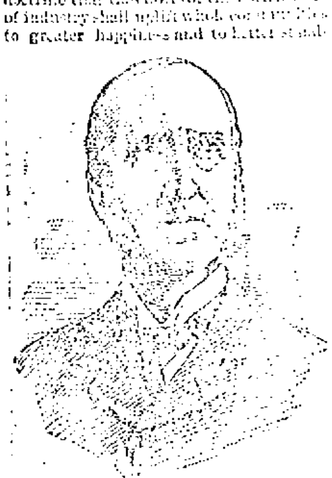
MODEL SELF-MADE MAN.

Remarkable Career of Commodore Cornelius Vanderbilt.

Hon. Chauncey M. Depew delivered an oration at the unveiling of the Vanderbilt monument at Nashville, Tenn., Sunday, of which an abstract follows:

The American commonwealth is built upon the individual. It recognizes neither classes nor masses. "That all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness," are the words of the immortal Declaration of Independence. These truths are not only the language of American liberty. They are interwoven into the character of American citizens, who are taught from childhood and receive by inheritance the lesson that to secure these rights governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." We have thus become a nation of self made men. We live under just and equal laws, and all avenues for a career are open. It has become a proverb that there are but "three generations from shirt sleeve to shirt sleeve," from the necessity to work to work from necessity. * * *

If the result of our system is the survival of the fittest, experience has demonstrated that it is possible to so temper the doctrine that the efforts of the leaders of industry shall uplift whole communities to greater happiness and to better standards of living by originating enterprises and developments which give to thousands new occupations and larger returns for their labor. * * *



CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW.

Commodore Vanderbilt is a conspicuous example of the product and possibilities of our free and elastic conditions. His father was a small farmer with a large family, and it became necessary for the son to look out for himself when very young. Ordinarily his career would have been to work on until he could take a little farm for himself, run in debt for it and labor half his life in the effort to pay off the mortgage. But he knew of some and read of many who from the same beginnings had become successful in business. He was healthy and strong. His mother had confirmed him in good habits and principles. He had little education, but a marvelously clear head and sound judgment. At 16, borrowing $100 from his mother, he began the battle of life, and he died the richest man in the world, with the reputation of having made more money than was ever before accumulated in a single life. He had an exhaustless capital of [illegible] and common sense. His motto was simple and straightforward, like every act in the wonderful drama of which he was the chief actor. "What other men have done I can do" was the mainspring of his actions. * * *

A Life of Warfare.

For 66 years Commodore Vanderbilt was in perpetual warfare. He neither asked nor gave quarter. The same country, the same laws, the same opportunities which he had before him, were equally before every other man. The keenest competition and the earnest rivalry of able and skillful opponents met him at every step in his career. Wary adversaries were watching for weakness in his schemes or a failure of his plans. Each day renewed an old fight or began a new one. He was often checked, sometimes forced to retreat and take another position, but he was never defeated. He ultimately remained master of the field.

It is not just to judge a man by arbitrary standards. A few broad rules are applicable to all, and after that there must be great liberality. The preacher, the teacher, the politician, the professional man, the soldier, the man of business, may each think the other to have lived a narrow or useless life. We must estimate the career and work of Cornelius Vanderbilt upon principles which are common to very few. He was much more than a mere money maker. He delighted in money making, but, like all masterful men, he loved power. He said to me: "I sometimes do a foolish thing, knowing it is foolish, just to prove that I can make a foolish movement successful." He invested $100 in a little sailboat, or periauger, to carry passengers between Staten Island and New York on a farsighted judgment that there was a public demand for [illegible] between the [illegible]. It was this instinct or insight which made him [illegible] competitive business. [illegible] masters of transportation had [illegible] the steamboat traffic of the [illegible] and [illegible] drove them off [illegible]. In [illegible] could be obtained [illegible]. There was [illegible] between New York [illegible] ama and the Isthmus [illegible]. Their [illegible] fashioned, old [illegible] with [illegible] adventurer in [illegible] and also boldly [illegible] ney. Thirty years [illegible] old men had [illegible] done for all his [illegible] its Atlantic line of [illegible] the profits on the Pacific [illegible] cents.

From Steamboats to Railroads.

His entry into the [illegible] the result of the same [illegible] dom. His mind was like a [illegible]. It carried thought straight [illegible]. It was [illegible] a subject [illegible] divert him from it until [illegible] reached. He [illegible] perceivable [illegible] machine-like [illegible] where others [illegible].

The development [illegible] systems has [illegible] but their [illegible]

disastrous to their stockholders and bondholders. They were at that time honeycombed with parasites, while [illegible] and passenger agents exercised an arbitrary power and petty tyranny toward individuals and localities to which most of the subsequent public animosity against railroads and railroad men is due. [illegible] connections on the whim of an official offered and cut each other's throats to gratify the spite of a traffic manager.

The commodore made up his mind that railway transportation was to be the leading business of the future, that there was no limit to its expansion, and that under [illegible] management and with honest methods railroad stocks were the best investment in the country. He saw that railway stocks was his opportunity. The stock of the Harlem railroad was a football in Wall street at from $3 to $9 a share. Its bonds were discredited, its equipment was unfit for the service and its road dangerous. The fallists had developed it as an irredeemable loss, as a worthless and hopeless property. It stood in the way of steamboats and steamship transportation. He knew the people and believed that the same feeling moved them on land as on water. Speed is the first demand of the American, with safety, if possible, though he will [illegible] go on the fastest line.

With this belief the $3 stock the commodore spent on the road "thrown away." It gave the company new cars and locomotives on a safe and stable way and terminal and rapid train service. It illustrated Mr. Vanderbilt's genius in his chosen field of competition. The Hudson River and Harlem roads both run from New York to Albany. The first, which had not known of the existence of the latter, now felt the effects of its keen and competitive rivalry. In less than two years the stockholders of the Hudson line were [illegible] him to take their road. This he did at about $[illegible] a share. Railway trade had found a new and original master. Quicker time and better facilities attracted passengers and freight from the west to the Atlantic and, from the southern [illegible] and ports to New York. They drew from the [illegible]. With lower rates [illegible] rates to the public the volume of new business soon brought these [illegible] among the best paying investments in the country. The commodore made millions, and his stockholders shared [illegible] holdings. The public [illegible] lived better [illegible] at lower prices and New York a new impetus in its trade. * * *

King of Wall Street.

In the old days of leadership in finance and speculation Wall street always had a recognized king. He had a large following, and his [illegible] was daily disputed. After immense [illegible] victories and the ruin of thousands of individuals and combinations he was dethroned and bankrupted in [illegible] with [illegible]. His successor would take the perilous place, to pursue the same course and meet a like fate. But in Mr. Vanderbilt the master of the rises and [illegible] of the [illegible] found a master whose resources were great and whose judgment was a [illegible]. It was equally dangerous to follow or fight him on account of the rapidity with which he changed his policy as he saw before others did the path over storm or the rainbow of [illegible]. "Wall street owes me $[illegible] every year," I heard him say, and until the last [illegible] that and in some years many millions. * * *

I first knew the commodore well for several years, and one day he suddenly asked if he could retain me as attorney and counsel. I had been appointed and confirmed United States minister to Japan, a position of power and prominence because of the opening of that country to civilization. "No future in politics," he said. [illegible] "Don't go back." He was 72, and I was 31, and thus began a confidential and personal relationship which during the intervening 31 years has continued unbroken and extended through four generations of his family. * * *

The Battle [illegible] with the world makes successful men harsh, unsympathetic [illegible] and narrow. Attack and defense have become a habit, and such men are [illegible] as isolated and suspicious as a North American Indian on the warpath. Their associates and followers count [illegible] points [illegible] not given [illegible] opportunities [illegible] for making money. Experience [illegible] great operators the danger of [illegible] their plans to any one. A sovereign [illegible] not share his prerogatives with [illegible] and a man of great wealth intensely [illegible] to have his friends grow rich. [illegible] him their services, or his importance [illegible] be diminished by dividing [illegible]. If from a suggestion another [illegible] harvest, it is very difficult for [illegible] to feel that the money made was [illegible] from him to be repaid with interest.

One of the most powerful men of his time once said to me: "I have done my best to keep [illegible] out me from getting much money, [illegible] they had not got rich in spite of [illegible] they could not have staid with me."

His Business Policy.

These common [illegible] of the rich had many modifications [illegible] brilliant and original genius of Commodore Vanderbilt. As the [illegible] system under his control expanded [illegible] the assistance and associations [illegible] from many departments of [illegible]. He drew into his various comp[illegible] able body of able and [illegible] and [illegible]. He was [illegible] [illegible] refreshment, happiness and recreation. At-

most all who have been seated to the psalmist's limit of threescore and ten retire and vegetate, or, if they embark in new ventures, find their judgments impaired and soon lose the accumulations of a lifetime. The commodore discovered that only those who had resources in many fields of easy and congenial occupation can safely change the habits of a lifetime.

His Vigorous Old Age.

The most extraordinary thing connected with the career of this remarkable man is that his best work and greatest achievements were accomplished after he had passed 70. He was worth about $20,000,000 when he had rounded the life line of the Scripture, and he added over $80,000,000 to it in the next 12 years. His day began at 9 o'clock among the horses he loved, and then until 2 that active brain and unerring judgment were formulating plans covering the continent. He left business behind in the office at 2, and neither profit nor loss could tempt him to talk about it until the next morning. At 3 he was spinning along behind his trotters, feeling the excitement of a spurt of speed with a rival team. The rhythmic movements of these intelligent and highly trained thoroughbreds as they seemed to tread on ether and fly through the air gave him exquisite pleasure. As they passed and distanced horses famed for triumphs on many courses and brought on to beat him this strikingly handsome and apparently still old man was keenly enjoying the victory in competition which had been the mainspring of his career. The lightning-like evolutions of his mind working in harmony with and excited to action by both the speed and dangers of the race brought to perfection, before he dropped the reins upon these panting partners of his thoughts, many a scheme which routed his enemies or revolutionized Wall street.

He received daily a bushel of begging letters. The man whose invention could be bought and millions made with a few thousands, the farmer whose mortgage was past due, and who, if the mortgage were lifted, could pay the principal to his creditor, though he could not meet the interest on it to the mortgagee, the woman whose husband was straying away, but who could hold him to a happy home if she could buy the vine clad cottage around the corner, the old man whose sands of life had nearly run out, and the young one who needed only a little capital to become a capitalist, the church or college hopelessly in debt, the girl whose future happiness would be wrecked unless she could have a trousseau for marriage and furniture for housekeeping, honest men and women, frauds, fools and cranks—all needy and unable to breast the waves of adversity or make their way in the world appealed to him. He never answered them. "If I should give them my whole fortune," he said, "one-half would go to thieves and the other half to people whose folly and improvidence would squander it in a week, leaving them worse off than before." He possessed neither sympathy nor sentiment, but had formulated a theory of justice and compensation summed up in the phrase, "Give a man a chance." It might be a very humble and a very hard chance, but if the man would stick and dig and climb he was worth assisting. As proof of the value of this principle in true philanthropy he would point to the president of one of his railroads who had started as a gateman at one of his [illegible].

Cathedrals and grand churches did not impress him. His mind always reverted to the little Moravian meeting house where his mother worshiped. She was the one ever fresh and tender memory, never tarnished by time or lost in his years of bitter strife. Every one I have ever met who had made and sustained a great success ascribed it all to the impelling influence and restraining hand of a sainted mother. He went one Sunday to the Church of the Strangers and saw a congregation made up of the clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers and porters in the big wholesale stores of the neighborhood—"fellows who are helping themselves," he said—and sent the pastor, Dr. Deems, $50,000.

The University Endowment.

Unlike most self made men, he placed the highest value upon a liberal education and emphatically lamented his own lack of it. While an uncompromising friend of the Union during the civil war, he was deeply interested in harmonizing the sections and developing the south when it was over. To Bishop McTyeire's plain presentation of the enormous benefit of a university in the south he gave a hospitable hearing. A sound education equips young men for broader work and greater usefulness. Such an institution of learning was in the line of his motto of helping people to take care of themselves, and he endowed Vanderbilt university with $1,000,000. If the good bishop and his associates, foreseeing the future, had demonstrated the necessity for a larger sum, they would have received it. * * *

The period of the active life of Cornelius Vanderbilt was the era of revolution and evolution in our national history. The civil war and rapidly succeeding inventions and discoveries called for men of great original genius and courage and gave them unexampled opportunities. It produced in war Grant and Lee; in statesmanship, Lincoln; in the pulpit, Henry Ward Beecher; in journalism, Horace Greeley; in oratory, Charles Sumner and Wendell Phillips, Alexander H. Stevens, Henry Winter Davis and Henry W. Grady, and in the industrial and business world men who have left their marks upon every state and city in the Union. Opportunities for large enterprises and vast fortunes were frequent in the mighty upheaval occasioned by the destruction of old methods and machinery and the reduplication of force in the application of steam and invention of power, the rapid settlement of states and creation of cities.

Such conditions can never occur again. Few of the men who ruled like sovereigns in their respective spheres were worthy types of American manhood, but the commodore, chief of them all, in the success of his undertakings and in the continuing victories of his campaigns, was in his public spirit, his sterling integrity, his fidelity to his associates in the great enterprises he built up and his rugged patriotism, the best representative of the self made man.

WHAT DO THE CHILDREN DRINK?

Don't give th[illegible] the new f[illegible] Heiers a[illegible] coffee. Th[illegible] the more health [illegible] systems. G[illegible] when properly [illegible] grades of coffee but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

BLONDE INDIANS IN MEXICO.

One of the mysteries of Mexico is presented by the Maya Indians, who inhabit the Sierra Madre mountains, in the lower part of Sonora. They have fair skins, blue eyes and light hair, and students of ethnology have always been puzzled to account for them. There is a tradition, however, that these Indians are the descendants of the crew and passengers of a Swedish vessel wrecked on the Mexican coast centuries before Columbus discovered the new world. But this tradition is founded on nothing more substantial than a folklore tale current among them that their ancestors came over the big salt water hundreds of moons ago.

The Mexicans have never been able to conquer this people. Nominally, indeed, they are under Mexican rule, but really they are governed by their own chief, and whenever the Mexican government has interfered with them they have taken up arms, getting the best of the scrimmage every time. Their nearest Indian neighbors are the Yaquis, and these two warlike tribes have reciprocity down to a fine point. Each helps the other when the Mexicans attack them. The Mayas live principally by the chase, although they cultivate some corn and garden truck. The men are large and well formed, and some of the women are remarkably handsome blondes.—Ohio State Journal.

TRUST IN FOOD.

EAT PROPER FOOD AND SEE THAT YOU DIGEST IT.

Your health and strength depend on the food you eat and the way you digest it.

Simplicity in diet and looking after your stomach may add several years to your life.

It will certainly make you happier, for unhappy people are generally dyspeptics.

The Shakers of Mount Lebanon are a peculiar people, with peculiar views.

They may not be right in everything, but they know how to live a healthy life. They take care of their stomachs. They live to a ripe old age.

When they have indigestion, they take a few doses of a peculiar cordial which they have for years prepared from medicinal herbs and plants. It is called the Shaker Digestive Cordial.

Shaker Digestive Cordial will cure indigestion immediately; permanently with the aid of a proper diet. It is a tonic for the stomach and for the whole system. It makes your food make strength, and this is the whole secret of strength, health and happiness.

Pale, thin, weary, worn out individuals, with no health, energy or ambition, will get strong and bright and healthy, by taking the Shaker Digestive Cordial.

Sold by all druggists at 10, 25, 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle.

THE TRADES.

HEAT your homes and make them comfortable.

HOT WATER and STEAM HEATING APPARATUS

INSTALLED BY

LINCOLN HAMMETT & CO.

71 Mill Street.

G. H. BURNHAM,

Machinist and General Jobber

Dealer in Mill and Engineers' Supplies, Waste, Oils of All Kinds, Belting, Babbitt, etc.

Lawn Mowers Repaired and Sharpened. Ferry Mill Building 339 Thames Street.

THE NEW RICHMOND HEATER

It takes the lead in Economy, Reliability and Efficiency

Barker Bros. & Co.

138 Broadway.

HORSESHOEING, ETC.

HAVING PURCHASED the shop and good will of Mr. Lewis Sainner, on Ferry wharf, I hereby notify the public that I shall carry on the business in connection with my present stand on Commercial wharf. All horseshoeing and jobbing promptly attended to at either place.

J. B. BACHELLER.

T. P. CROWLEY,

Marine Railways.

Shipwright and Spar Maker,

Pile Driving and Dock Building

NAPHTHA FOR LAUNCHES.

Yards—319 Thames St., and 132 Long Wht

NEWPORT, R. I.

GODDARD & BARLOW,

PRACTICAL

Tinsmiths and Metal Workers

REAR OF 192 THAMES STREET.

Work done at reasonable rates. Tin roofing and general jobbing.

W. H. COFFIN,

Carpenter and Builder,

Langley's Wharf, Oppo. P. O

RESIDENCE 23 BROADWAY.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

SMITH BOSWORTH & CO.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Window Frames, etc.

WEST BROADWAY.

Floor Tiles.

J. B. COTTRELL,

Marble and Granite Worker.

Work done in the best manner.

WARNER STREET, Opposite Island Cemetery.

F. A. ALLAN, JR.,

Carpenter and Builder,

JOBBING A SPECIALTY.

Residence, 18 Farewell Street.

SHOP, 7 CALEB EARLE STREET.

The Sanitary Protection Association,

OF NEWPORT, R. I.

The association furnishes to its members at a nominal cost, a skilled examination of their premises to ascertain if the plumbing, drains, etc., are in a good and healthy condition.

For further information apply to

MR. CREIGHTON WITHERS,

Secretary and Consulting Architect,

Telephone connection. 22 Bellevue Avenue

SHINGLES to Close Lots.

Shaved Cedar, Pine,

Red Wood, Cypress,

Sawed Cedar.

Hammett's Lumber Yard,

331 THAMES STREET.

California Privet

[illegible] planting [illegible] Maples, [illegible] Purple and [illegible], Hydrangeas and [illegible] of many varieties.

FOREST AVENUE NURSERIES,

[illegible]

H. M. WILSON.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE.

CLOTHING.

THE NEW WAY

to obtain your FALL SUIT or WINTER OVERCOAT

is to come in and select from our 3000 samples and let us take your measure, and we will get you up a garment which will be in every way satisfactory—or you need not take it.

PRICES ARE RAPIDLY ADVANCING, but ours will remain the same for the present season.

SUITS. - - $13 to $30.

OVERCOATS. $13 to $30.

TROUSERS, - $3 to $10.

BENNETT,

One Price Clothier, Tailor and Furnisher,

233 Thames Street.

Agent for Wanamaker & Brown.

You will find the largest assortment of Covert Cloths for short top coats at OTTO'S, 244 Thames street.

COME AND SEE

WHAT A

Handsome Suit, Trousers and Overcoat

I WILL MAKE UP

FOR A LOW CASH PRICE.

Prices are all right.

Donato Russo, - 6 Broadway.

Bicycle Stockings

WE ARE CLOSING OUT OUR

50c. BICYCLE STOCKINGS

For 31 cents.

ONLY A FEW DOZEN PAIRS LEFT.

W. C. LANGLEY & SON,

Tailors---Haberdashers,

174 THAMES STREET.

"Perfectly Satisfied,"

Is what my patrons say.

It is a fact that my Suits, Overcoats and Trousers are made better, fit as well, and will wear as long, as those costing very much more. I make to order, Suits, $14; Overcoats, $15; Trousers, $4 and upward.

Not obliged to take goods that are not satisfactory in every way.

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268 Thames Street. U. S. Hotel Building

H. D. Spooner, TAILOR,

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Lampson and Hubbard Hats,

To close out entire stock, $2 and $2.50

For $1.50.

Come early, before sizes are broken. See window

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"METHYL."

We guarantee that, no matter whether you have one tooth or thirty extracted, the operation will not pain you in the least. We simply apply "METHYL" to the gums. "METHYL" does not put you to sleep, and it does not leave the mouth sore. Fine Gold Fillings $2 and up. Artificial Teeth, only the best materials used. Every set warranted.

DR. M. Y. SIMMONS & CO.

533 Westminster St., Providence.

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Newport Steam Laundry

And Carpet Beating Works.

J. D. RICHARDSON, Agent, 396 Thames street. Orders may also be left at Peckham & Marchant's, 63 Broadway. Telephone connection.

CHAMPION'S LINE

Naphtha Launches, Sail and Row Boats.

To let by the hour, day or week, for fishing or moonlight excursions. Night boating a specialty. 24 Kinsley's Wharf. Telephone.

D. P. A. JACOBY, M. D.,

Office of the Late Dr. Turner, 10 School Street.

Office hours from 8 to 10 A. M., 2 to 4 and from 7 to 8 P. M.

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FALL BARGAIN

NUMBER TWO.

Bargain No. 1 having been disposed of, we offer Bargain No. 2 for

$100.

This instrument has only been rented, is all right, and will sell on sight.

Rental pianos are coming in, and will be offered at low figures.

JOHN ROGERS,

210 THAMES STREET.

Piano Tuning.

RALPH WOOD,

Rogers's Music Store, 210 Thames St.

A BARGAIN.

A Chickering Upright Piano

all in good order for $200 on easy instalments or $175 cash.

John Vars, 126 Thames Street

FISCHER ESTABLISHED 1840, PIANOS RENOWNED FOR TONE & DURABILITY

The wonderful popularity enjoyed by the

FISCHER PIANO

For the past FIFTY-SEVEN YEARS without a parallel in the history of the piano world. During this period over

100,000

Pianos have been manufactured by this firm.

Grand and Upright Pianos

In rare woods and chaste designs. Write for illustrated catalogue.

J. & C. FISCHER,

33 Union Square, West, between 16th and 17th Sts., New York.

—OR—

MANN & ECCLES,

23 Mathewson Street, Providence, R. I.

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JUST ARRIVED,

Carload of Fine Potatoes,

Which we will sell in twenty bushel lots or over, at $1 a bushel.

F. B. COGGESHALL, 147 Thames St.

WEBER'S

PATES en CROUTE,

Pates de Foie Gras

(In Jars and tins).

Foie Gras au Naturel.

Condere Freres et Fils

Extra Peeled Truffes.

Crandy's Green Turtle Meat

Hauviettes, Rognons, Financières, etc.

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DELICIOUS

CORNED BEEF,

The best in this city, or money refunded.

Meats, Poultry and Provisions.

Fruit and Vegetables Received Daily.

Fresh Eggs and Diamond Creamery Butter a specialty.

LOWEST PRICES.

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Lamb, Ducks and Geese.

Bluck's Market, 103 Bellevue Ave.

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The charge for calls for baggage on Sundays between the hours of 7 A. M. and 6 P. M. will be double the regular rate.

Principal Office, 30 Bellevue Avenue.

Branch Offices, 272 Thames Street and New York Freight Depot.

E. B. HARRINGTON,

Treasurer and General Manager.

WHAT IS YOUR TRADE?

Each Trade or Occupation Has Its Special Disease.

It is well known among medical men that certain diseases are more readily developed in certain occupations than in others. That each occupation has its attendant physical weakness. Engineers, railroad men and similar occupations suffer mostly from kidney troubles and men who are often exposed to the weather suffer from rheumatism, while clerks and professional men, in fact the army of people whose business keeps them indoors, are oftentimes great sufferers from piles and constipation. In this connection the following letter is of interest to people whose occupation will not allow sufficient outdoor exercise.

Mr. A. F. Callseen, notary public and jeweler and watchmaker of Circleville, W. Va., writes as follows:

I had been a severe sufferer from piles for years and had tried many remedies with but little benefit, when about three years ago I saw the Pyramid Pile Cure advertised and sent for it.

I was badly afflicted when I got it, but after only two applications the piles disappeared and from that day to this I have never felt a symptom of the disease.

I feel that I cannot recommend them too highly to sufferers from piles.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is free from cocaine, opium or any mineral poison, absolutely safe, pleasant and painless; sold by druggists at 50 cents per package. If there is any constipation the Pyramid Pills should be used with the pile cure. The pills are 25 cents per package.

Any druggist will tell you that the Pyramid is the best known and most successful and popular pile cure ever placed on the market and its reputation as a safe and radical cure has only resulted from the personal recommendation of people who have been cured of this distressing ailment.

Send to the Pyramid Co., Albion, Mich., for valuable little book on cause and cure of piles.

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ESTABLISHED 1811.

Pin-Money PICKLES.

PRIDE OF NEW YORK PICKLES,

ONE-HALF GALLON JARS, 25c. EACH.

Mellins' Food,
Horlick's Malted Milk
(Small, large and hospital size),
Bovinine,
Witch Hazel,
Hoff's Malt,
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Sage Cheese.

Peckham & Manchester,

BROADWAY.

Established 1846.

New Jams,

16c. a Jar, $1.80 a dozen.

PELEG BRYER & SON

25 & 27 Broadway.

Just Arrived

ANOTHER LOT

PURE GOLD FLOUR,

Warranted the best in the city.

Phil. Stevens,

48 and 50 Thames Street.

AWNINGS, Tents and Flags.

First-class goods, and prices low for work.

22 MILL STREET. GEO. NASON.

NATURAL SCIENCE.

Proceedings at the Opening Meeting of the Newport Society.

The Newport Natural History Society opened its sessions last evening, when a goodly number of members gathered in the museum to listen to the brief papers that had been prepared for the meeting. The librarian said that a number of additions had been made to the library, and the assistant curator, Mr. Hugh L. Taylor, reported the gift to the society of four eggs of the Mongolian pheasant, by Mr. Arthur Amory, and of a rare beetle, by Dr. Storer. Messrs. T. Mumford Seabury, Alexander N. Barker and Horatio G. Wood were elected members.

Dr. C. A. Siegfried, U. S. N., spoke on the "Local Seaweeds of Newport" and exhibited many specimens just taken from the shores. He explained that the algae or seaweeds were cryptogamous plants and consumed in their production what animal life discarded. Some fifteen years ago they were classified by color—brown, green, red, etc.; lately another classification founded on the sequent features of their development has been used. The algae on the south side of Cape Cod are almost identical with those of the Mediterranean; those north of Cape Cod are Arctic in form. In speaking of eel grass Dr. Siegfried said there were four species, and he referred to the economic use of the leaves when dried. They are largely used for beds and mattresses.

In remarking on the communication the president, Dr. H. R. Storer, alluded to the fact that dried eel grass was extensively used by the inhabitants of Newport, a hundred years ago, for packing the walls of houses. Old ones, when knocked down, revealed this.

The second communication for the evening was a brief verbal narration by Mr. Richard Bliss on a peculiar phenomenon he had noticed this summer in the White Mountains—the appearance of a rainbow after the sun had set. He illustrated this strange optical effect by a sketch on the blackboard.

Mr. Newton H. Black gave a description of the modes employed for the investigation of "Plankton," a peculiar term used to designate the floating animal and vegetable life which is to be found on the surface of water. He explained the apparatus used for ascertaining the quantity and individual species of such forms, both on marine ponds and fresh-water lakes. The investigation bore directly on the pollution of drinking water. The system of filtration in use here in Newport by the water works company was afterward referred to by Dr. Storer as an admirable one.

The last item of the evening was made by Mr. Amory Austin, but in his absence was communicated by Mr. A. O'D. Taylor, the secretary. It was on the "Introduction of the Mongolian Pheasant, and its Acclimatization in the United States." The following extract from Mr. Austin's letter will give a summary of the facts: "These four eggs of the Mongolian pheasant were given me by Mr. Edward A. Brackett, chairman of the commissioners of inland fisheries and game of Massachusetts, upon the occasion of my recent visit to the state experiment station, or pheasant aviary, at Winchester, near Boston, which is under his personal supervision. The Mongolian pheasant (Phasianus mongolicus) is of recent introduction into this country, having first been imported into Oregon from Northern China, in 1881. Attempts are being made in several states to acclimatize it as a valuable addition to our list of game birds, as it is very prolific, is quite hardy enough to withstand our severest winters, and is said to be an excellent table bird, weighing nearly twice as much as the ruffled grouse and having a dark meat of excellent flavor. It is an exceedingly handsome bird and in addition is said to be a great destroyer of noxious insects, notably of the tent caterpillar and the gypsy moth.

"As this bird is likely to become of much interest to our New England ornithologists and sportsmen, I have thought that these eggs would be acceptable to the society for their collection. It will be noticed that they vary slightly in size, shape and tint of color, as do those of our common barnyard fowl, and indeed, I suppose, do those of most if not of all birds. I would strongly recommend any members of the society who may have an hour or two to spare, the next time they are in Boston, to make a visit to Mr. Brackett's interesting aviary. He has met with much success in his efforts, and a full description of his method is contained in the accompanying report."

BY THE AID OF THE TELESCOPE.

Size and Shape of the Universe Known to Human Science.

The announcement that the limits of the universe have surely been reached at last by human vision is in truth sufficiently startling. But when it is understood that the authority for this statement is Professor Simon Newcomb, recognized as one of the greatest of living astronomers, intense interest is excited. For, if this be correct, the intelligence of man has succeeded in grasping what has been supposed hitherto to transcend his finite understanding. The declaration is made actually that science is now in a position to estimate with reasonable accuracy the size of the universe. Its shape, and even the number of stars which it contains.

"Evidence is accumulating," says Professor Newcomb, "which points to a probability that the small stars which our powerful modern telescopes have brought into view do not look small because they are farther away, but by reason of their inferior size. There are no more beyond. In other words, we are actually able to see the boundaries of our universe. Of this universe we know the general form. It has the shape of an enormous disk, the solar system being not far from the centre."

"Is it possible to state dimensions, professor?"

"It is not easy. We may say that this disk, so inconceivably huge, has a diameter four or five times its thickness. As to the length of the diameter we cannot speak with great accuracy, because we are not acquainted with the precise distances of many of the stars. Fifty years hence we shall know a great deal more on that subject than we do at present. We may say that the distance across the disk, from one side of the universe to the other, is 20,000, or may be 30,000, light years. You observe that there is a wide margin of guess in the estimate. The distance may, in fact, be considerably less than 20,000 light years."

"What do you mean by a light year?"

"Why, a light year is the distance which a ray of light will travel in one year. You can figure that out for yourself, the rate being 186,000 miles a second. It takes a little over eight minutes for light to come to us from the sun, which is 93,000,000 miles away. The light by which we are able to see a very distant star through a telescope may have started from that star 25,000 years ago. Assuming that to be the case, it is 25,000 light years away from us. So you will see that we are not trying to depreciate the universe as to spaciousness when we claim to have seen its boundaries."

"How many stars are there in the universe?"

"We can see about 5,000 with the naked eye. With the most powerful telescope we see perhaps 50,000,000. There is no telling how many millions more there are unobserved. Presumably there are millions of stars which are dark and therefore invisible, being dead, cold and no longer luminous. You must remember that all of the stars are suns, the tiniest speck of light that we see in the heavens at night being comparable in size with our own stupendous luminary. Some of the stars are vastly bigger than our sun, while others are smaller. It is not possible to state the average size of them, but we can say that our solar orb is rather a small star than a big one. The star called Alpha Lyrae is one of the giant suns. Another, more familiarly known, is Sirius. The latter has about twenty times the mass of our sun, and shines with one hundred times the brilliancy."

"How does the great disk of the universe lie in space?"

"You can see for yourself any clear night. When you gaze upon the Milky Way you are looking through the disk edgewise from the centre. Of course, the Milky Way is observable as a stream of stars continuous all around the earth. Our sun is a star in the Milky Way. The Milky Way is the disk of which I speak. Look out into the heavens on either side, and you will observe that the stars are comparatively few and scattered. You may get a notion of measurements from the fact that the radius of the earth's orbit, a line 93,000,000 miles in length, not only vanishes from sight before we reach the distance of the great mass of stars, but from that distance becomes such a mere point that, when magnified by the powerful instruments of modern times, the most delicate appliances fail to make it measurable."

"Our sun is itself in motion?"

"Certainly, yes, together with its dependent planets. The fact that the earth is being carried unceasingly onward through space is made evident by a motion of most of the stars in an opposite direction, just as, passing through a country on a railroad train, we see houses on the right and on the left being left behind. It has happened more than once that, when crossing the ocean in summer, I have sought a place where I could lie alone on the deck, looking up at the constellations, with Lyra near the zenith, and, while listening to the clank of the engine, I would try to calculate the hundreds of millions of years which would be required by our ship to reach the star Alpha in Lyra if she could continue her course in that direction without ever stopping. Yet, as a matter of fact, we on the earth are all of us actually making that journey at a speed compared with which the motion of a steamship is very slow indeed. Through every year, every hour, every minute of human history, from the first appearance of man on this planet, not merely our earth, but the whole solar system with it, has been speeding on its way towards Alpha Lyrae at the rate of about seven miles per second. At this moment you and I are many thousands of miles nearer to Alpha Lyrae than when we began our conversation. When shall we get there? Probably in less than a million years; perhaps in half a million. It is impossible to tell exactly, but get there we must some time."

"Which of the stars moves at the highest rate of speed?"

"We do not know that. The star that has the swiftest apparent motion from our point of view is known as '1830 Groombridge.' It has sometimes been called the 'Runaway Star.' We might suppose that this star's appearance of rapid flight was due to its nearness to us, but in fact it cannot be less than two million times as far away from us as the sun is. Its velocity must be at least two hundred miles a second, so that it would make the journey from the sun to the earth in five days. Its speed is so great that the attraction of all the bodies of the universe can never conceivably stop it. So far as our knowledge goes there is no force in nature that could ever have set it in motion at such a rate of speed, and no force can ever bring it to a pause."

"Where did it come from, then?"

"That, presumably, is destined to remain forever a mystery. It would seem that this wonderful star must have come into our universe from without. We may imagine that many millions of years ago this swiftly moving orb, surrounded very likely by a group of planets, was approaching our universe from the outer void of space. The inhabitants of those planets saw a small patch of light appear in the far distance ahead. The patch was our universe. As time went by, age after age elapsing, the patch grew larger and larger, brighter and brighter. At length it split up, from the point of view of the people of the 1830 Groombridge system, into the constellations as we know them, and later on the 'runaway star' found itself traveling through the great starry stream of our Milky Way. Many millions of years from now it will pass out of our universe, perhaps, leaving it behind, and the inhabitants of its attendant planets will see the constellations gather together in the opposite quarter of the heavens and gradually diminish to a patch of light as the star pursues its irresistible course of two hundred miles per second through the wilderness of space, until the view of our universe is lost to their most powerful telescope."

"But where will it go to?"

"Who can say? Assuming, as we must that space is infinite, the room in it occupied by our universe is trifling. There is unlimited room for other universes, separated from ours by such inconceivable distances that the light from their stars or sun never reaches us. For all that we can tell 1830 Groombridge may have come from some other universe beyond the dark void, and may be bound on a visit to yet another. It has been surmised that some of the more distant nebulae discernable by powerful telescopes are actually other universes. In this theory, however, I do not coincide."

"Astronomers are making a map of the stars, are they not?"

"Yes; the work is already well under way. A photographic chart of the whole heavens is being constructed by an association of observatories in some of the leading countries of the world. I cannot say all the leading countries, because the United States, unhappily, has taken no part in this important work. The skies are being mapped in sections, one section being assigned to each observatory. Three thousand photographs will be taken at each observatory or a total of 54,000. For each hemisphere there will be 11,000 little maps, or 22,000 for the entire universe. The great map composed of these little maps will show 50,000,000 stars, of which 2,000,000 will be catalogued and numbered, so that any star down to the eleventh magnitude may be located at a glance. One object of this enterprise is to show just what aspect is presented by the heavens now, so that any changes in the future may be detected and measured. It is easily understood what valuable data will be obtained in this way."—[Rene Bache, in Boston Transcript.

DON'T WAIT.

Now is the time and Newport People Who Have Found It Out Are Glad to Say So.

You have the evidence on every hand, from every ward, from every street of Newport, that California Catarrh Cure cures catarrh easily and quickly; and if it did this in the winter, much more easily will it do it in the milder seasons—now.

Do not delay. Get California Catarrh Cure today, cure all traces of your catarrh, be rid once and for all of the constant hawking and snuffing, and for once be ready, when winter comes, to meet it with clean, strong, healthy nasal passages and throat, that shall not succumb in a detestable cold in the head, to the first cold wave. Note this cure:

Mrs. James M. Lacey, 30 Golden Hill St., Newport, says: "I have suffered to quite an extent with catarrhal trouble and hearing of the good results of C. C. C., California Catarrh Cure, induced me to try it; so I went to the Hub Pharmacy, 176 Thames St., and got a bottle. I am much pleased with the results; it has helped me very much in every way, and is fine in breaking up colds as well as for catarrhal trouble."

What so quickly relieved Mrs. Lacey will relieve you, too. You don't have to wait. It relieves at once. In this city men who have hopelessly suffered more than twenty years already have found this to be true.

Catarrh which, in its fully developed form as a nasal malady is a hideous disease, involving decay, filth and actual rottenness, with most offensive odors, in the very seat of the senses of smell and taste, is caused by neglect of the secondary stages of ordinary colds. It is in the last stage of a cold, when it is said to "hang on," that catarrh gets its hold. From this point, the head and upper throat, if neglected, it extends its attacks to all the mucous surfaces of the body. Cure it, and the colds that cause it, with California Catarrh Cure before a cure becomes more difficult. California Catarrh Cure is sold at 50 cents, three times as much for one dollar.

COLONEL HIGGINSON ON ENGLAND AND AMERICA.

English tastes and feelings have changed considerably in the last twenty years, and these changes impressed Colonel T. W. Higginson, who has just returned from a trip abroad. Although he did not get into the closest touch with the literary world of London, his journey being one of entire rest and recreation, he left that city with the feeling that the standard of literary taste has been somewhat lowered since his last visit. He thinks the most popular novelist in England at the present time is Marie Corelli, who is, to his mind, a writer of only second-rate ability. Anthony Hope also attracts much attention. He is quoted as saying that the most promising school of poetry is represented by young Celtic writers, among whom William B. Yeates is the most brilliant example.

Concerning the feeling between the two countries, Colonel Higginson says: "Toward individual Americans the feeling is extremely cordial, but I think there is rather a vague distrust of this nation as a whole. I think the feeling of Americans toward England is much the same. Americans like the English as individuals, but are likely to distrust them as a race. I think that feeling in this country is justified at present by the whole policy of England toward Greece, and by the aggressive policy of the empire in Africa and in India. Although there were many agreeable aspects of the queen's jubilee, the emphasis laid upon the extension of the empire was unfortunate, as aggravating the universal desire for conquest."

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Leading hotel in the city. Open all the year Completely renovated and refurnished. First-class in every respect, with all modern improvements Rates $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 per day, according to location. Rates to parties by the week or month For further information regarding rooms, etc. address WM. S. O'BRIEN, Proprietor.

JAMESTOWN HOTELS.

BAY VIEW HOUSE, Jamestown, R. I.

Send for prices and plans.

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EVERETT HOUSE,

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For convenience of situation and delightful exposure, The Everett heads the list. Thoroughly modernized. Cuisine of acknowledged excellence European plan. Popular prices.

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American and European plans. Most desirably situated in COPLEY SQUARE the most fashionable locality of the city.

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THE ALLEN, 130 Thames Street.

[illegible] MEALS AT ALL HOURS. [illegible]

OYSTERS, CLAMS, SALADS, BROILED LIVE LOBSTERS, HOME-MADE PIES, BREAD, CAKES AND ICE CREAM.

D. B. & J. T. ALLEN, Proprietors.

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CHARLES B. MARSH, Real Estate Agent, 153 Broadway. For Sale—Attractive estate in the "Winter Colony," east of Kay street; two tenement property in Broadway district; farm in So. Portsmouth, 125 acres, East road, convenient to postoffice and church.

Jamestown and Newport Ferry Co.

AUTUMNAL TIME TABLE

IN EFFECT OCTOBER 1st., 1897.

NEWPORT AND JAMESTOWN FERRY CO. FROM FOOT OF MARKET SQ., NEWPORT.

LEAVE JAMESTOWN	LEAVE NEWPORT
6 20 A. M.	6 45 A. M.
8 15 "	9 00 " Mail
10 15 " Mail	11 00 "
1 15 P. M.	1 45 P. M.
2 15 "	2 45 "
3 15 "	3 45 "
4 15 "	4 45 " Mail
5 15 " Mail	5 33 "
6 15 "	6 45 "
SUNDAYS.	
9 00 A. M.	9 30 A. M. Mail
10 00 " (church trip)	10 30 "
12 15 M.	12 30 P. M.
2 00 P. M.	2 30 "
4 00 "	4 30 "
5 00 " Mail	5 30 "

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Most pleasant, instructive and enjoyable sail out of Newport, affording view of Narragansett Bay, Fort Adams, Torpedo Station, U. S. Training Station, the famous Dumplings and surroundings. Carriages always to be had at Jamestown at reasonable prices for a ride to Beavertail or over Conanicut Island. 10 cents round trip, or twelve tickets for one dollar.

J. P. KOHLER, Supt.

DISCIPLES OF ISAAC WALTON AND ALL WHO ENJOY FISHING GO TO JAMESTOWN AND DUMPLINGS. FISH ARE HUNGRY AND WAITING FOR YOU TO CAST THE HOOK BAITED. GO NOW AND HAVE YOUR SPORT IN FULL.

IF YOU WOULD PREFER TO GO TO BEAVER TAIL, ENJOY THE RIDE AND FISH WHEN YOU GET THERE, YOU CAN GET CONVEYANCE AT LITTLEFIELD'S LIVERY AT ALL TIMES, OR BRING YOUR OWN CONVEYANCE, YOU'LL NEED IT FOR YOUR CATCH OF FISH.

SIX-MILE SAIL FOR BUSINESS OR RECREATION TO AND FROM NEWPORT TO JAMESTOWN FOR 10c., OR TWELVE TICKETS FOR ONE DOLLAR. CONANICUT LEAVES FOOT OF MARKET SQUARE EVERY HALF PAST THE HOUR. TRY THE TRIP FOR YOUR HEALTH, PROFIT AND PLEASURE.

STEAM FERRY BOAT BEAVER TAIL TO CHARTER, PARTICULARLY ADAPTED FOR LIGHT OR HEAVY TRAFFIC, IS A NEW BOAT AND EQUIPPED FULLY FOR READY SERVICE.

ALL SIZES BEST COAL ON HAND. LOWEST MARKET PRICES. TAX PAYERS AND CONSUMERS, OUR INTERESTS ARE YOURS. TERMS CASH. ENOUGH SAID.

COMPLAINTS MUST BE MADE TO UNDERSIGNED PERSONALLY AND YOU SHALL BE CONSIDERED, AND IF FOUND TO BE FOR MUTUAL INTERESTS OF THIS COMPANY AND OUR PATRONS, OUR THANKS ARE YOURS. WE LIVE AND LEARN, BUT LIFE IS TOO SHORT TO TRIFLE WITH COMMON GOSSIP.

JOHN P. KOHLER.

GROCERIES.

Standard Granulated Sugar (fine) 19 pounds for $1.

Very choice Formosa, Japan or English Breakfast Tea, 2½ lbs. for $1.

Good English Breakfast, Oolong or Japan Tea, 3 lbs. for $1.

"Puritan," the best piece of Soap on the market for all around work, 25 bars for $1.

Borden's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk, 15c. a can.

Bensdorp's Royal Dutch Cocoa, quarters, 20c.; halves, 35c.; pounds, 65c.

Fancy (NEW) California Evaporated Apricots, 2 lbs. for 25c.

Very large handsome new California Prunes, 2 lbs. for 25c.

—AT—

The Boston Grocery,

Smith's Building, Broadway.

O. F. WILCOX, Prop'r.

CHASE & SANBORN'S

Seal Brand Coffee,

Fresh from the Roaster.

Colonel's Best Coffee, 3 1-2 lbs. for $1.

Smoked Salmon.
Smoked Halibut.
Salmon Trout.
Large Mackeral.
Boneless Codfish.

For the Finest of

FRESH MEATS

Prices are the Lowest.

—AT—

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130 THAMES STREET.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

BOSTON & PHILADELPHIA STEAMSHIP CO.,

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Fall River to Philadelphia Direct,

Every Wednesday and Saturday,

At 6 P. M., connecting at Philadelphia with all rail and water routes [illegible] South and West. [illegible] with all points on the N. Y. [illegible]

Quick Despatch. Prompt Delivery.

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[illegible] NEW BEDFORD, 7.00, [illegible]

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[illegible] from Fall River Line Wharf, [illegible]

C. C. KENDALL, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Boston.
[illegible] ALLEN, [illegible]
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Providence, Fall River & Newport Steamboat Co.

On and after Monday, September 13,

LEAVE NEWPORT FOR

Providence

[illegible] A. M. Leave Providence week [illegible] P. M.

Mondays and Saturdays only, stop at Prudence [illegible] stop at Conanicut Sundays only, each way.

Excursion Tickets, only 50c.

[illegible] may have Breakfast served in the dining room on the steamer after leaving Newport (8 A. M.)

[illegible], Supt. Transportation.
ARTHUR H. WATSON,
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For New York the South and West.

Steamers PRISCILLA and PURITAN in commission. An orchestra on each.

Leave Newport, [illegible] days and Sundays at 9.15 P. M. Due New York 7.00 A. M.

Returning from New York, steamers leave Pier 18, N. R., foot of Murray St., week days and Sundays at 5.30 P. M., [illegible] Newport every morning [illegible]

For tickets and staterooms apply at New York and Boston Despatch Express office, 272 Thames street, [illegible] Agent

GEO. L. CONNOR, Passenger Traffic Manager.
O. H. TAYLOR, General Passenger Agent.
J. B. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

For Block Island.

Steamer Geo. W. Danielson, Captain [illegible] [illegible] Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays [illegible] A. M., weather permitting.

Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Line.

"The Wickford Route" June [illegible], 1897.

LEAVE	A M	A M	P M	P M	P M	P M
Newport,	7 15	[illegible]	1 50	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] arr.,	8 50	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] "	10 15	1 15	4 25	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York, "	1 51	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	P M	P M	P M	P M	P M	A M

LEAVE	Night	A M	A M	A M	P M	P M
New York,	[illegible]	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Newport, arr.,	[illegible]	9 40	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	A M	A M	P M	P M	P M	P M

Daily.

[illegible] Washington Express due Harlem River Station, N. Y., 2.15 A. M.; Philadelphia, [illegible] A. M.; Baltimore, 9.27 A. M.; Washington, [illegible]

[illegible] train between Wickford Junction, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington without change.

For tickets and drawing room chairs apply on Steamer General, Commercial wharf, or at the Transfer Co's office, [illegible] Bellevue avenue.

C. H. COTTIS, Agent, Newport.

Massachusetts-King Cottage

NEWPORT, R. I.

Families or [illegible] transient or permanent, accommodated at the above cottage, opposite Newport Reading Room.

[illegible]

KINSLERS' HOTEL,

[illegible] AVENUE.

Open all the year.

NASON COTTAGE,

20 MILL STREET. Open all the year round. Permanent or Transient Board. First Class. Reasonable Rates. GEO. NASON, Proprietor.

POSTOFFICE GUIDE.

[illegible] 1, 1897.

Office Hours, 7 a. m. to 10 p. m. Sundays, [illegible] a. m. [illegible] p. m.

Money order and registry department, 8 a. m. [illegible] p. m.

[illegible] open from 6 a. m. to 10 p. m.; Sundays [illegible] a. m. to [illegible] p. m.

[illegible]

Carrier deliveries at [illegible] a. m.; 2 and 4.30 p. m.

SCHEDULE OF ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES MAILS.

New York City and [illegible]—Open [illegible]

New York, New [illegible] & Western—Open [illegible]

Providence, [illegible]

[illegible]

Fall River & New [illegible]—Open 8 and 9.30 a. m. [illegible]

Bristol Ferry, Portsmouth, Tiverton & Little Compton—Open [illegible] 9.30 a. m.; 7.30 p. m.—Closes 6.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

Block Island—Open 10.30 a. m.—Closes 1 p. m. Closes 10 a. m. and 6 p. m.

South Portsmouth—Open 8 a. m. and 6.30 p. m. —Closes 9.30 a. m. and 6 p. m.

[illegible]

And every [illegible] of the skin is invariably [illegible] by those who use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder.

Bicycle Baskets,

Deep, light, strong and flexible. Just what you want.

STEEL-CLAD WARE,

An enamel that will not chip. Each piece warranted.

Heating Stoves.

Now is the time to get a good selection at lowest prices.

W. K. COVELL,

103 THAMES STREET.

CAMERAS

$2.00 each.

THE REGULAR PRICE OF THESE CAMERAS IS $2.50 EACH. THEY ARE THE RAY JR., AND TAKE A PICTURE 2¼X2¼. TWO PLATE HOLDERS GO WITH EACH CAMERA AND ONE DOZEN DRY PLATES 2¼X¼. WE HAVE ONLY A FEW AT THIS PRICE AND THEY ARE WELL WORTH THE MONEY.

69 MILL STREET

J. D. JOHNSTON,
ARCHITECT,
69
Mill St., Newport, R. I.

JUST ARRIVED,
A CARGO OF

Jeddo Lehigh Egg Coal,

The best Lehigh in the market.

ABRAM ALMY,
128 THAMES STREET

Green Figs

Fresh from the blind every day.
R. I. Peaches, Alligator Pears,
Georgia Peaches, Musk Melons, Grape Fruit

CARRY BROS., 337 & 339 Thames St.

Bicycle Repairing

Promptly Done

—AT THE—

NEWPORT BIOYCLE AGENCY,

158 Thames Street. Edward Griffith, Prop

Prize Cups.

A VERY NICE ASSORTMENT, APPROPRIATE FOR BICYCLE RACES, YACHT RACES, BASE BALL GAMES, ETC.

Just received, a beautiful line of

Sterling Silver Pieces for Wedding Gifts. Call and see them

HERRMANN'S, 218 Thames St.

If You

are contemplating the

Purchase of a Piano

IN THE NEAR FUTURE WE CAN MAKE IT TO YOUR ADVANTAGE TO MAKE A LITTLE EXTRA EXERTION AND BUY NOW WHILE OUR

GREAT REDUCTION

SALE IS ON. WE HAVE MANY SPLENDID BARGAINS IN NEW AND SECOND HAND PIANOS WHICH WE WOULD BE PLEASED TO SHOW YOU.

CALL IN AND SEE THEM.

REMEMBER THIS SALE LASTS ONLY A SHORT TIME LONGER.

J. H. BARNEY, JR., & CO.,

(Representing M. Steinert & Sons Co.)
154 THAMES STREET. (OPPO. BOSTON STORE.

BARGAINS.

Cairns's Orange Marm., per jar,	15c.
Cairns's Red Currant Jelly, per jar,	19c.
Cairn's Black Currant Jelly, per jar,	19c.
Cowdrey's Red Cherry Jam, per jar,	16c.
Whole Figs, in juice, French Prea, per jar,	78c.
Whole Figs, in juice, cans, per can.	23c.
Canned Jam, strawberry, raspberry, per can,	10c.
Pine Tree Brand Condensed Milk, per can,	14c.
Rival Brand Condensed Milk, per can,	9c.
Tryphosa, makes one pint jelly, assorted flavors, per package,	10c.
Sliced Peaches in juice, per jar,	42c.
Pin Money Chow Chow, per jar	25c.
Jockey Club Wafers, per box,	31c.

F. P. CARRETTSON & CO.
16 & 20 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

(Look for the Yellow Coal Teams.)

Put in the Winter's Coal

NOW,

And in order to be perfectly satisfied with coal and delivery see that the yellow coal teams of

PERRY BROS.

Bring the coal.

HORTON FOR SENATOR.

Republican Convention Nominates the Ex-Mayor for the Vacant Place.

The Republican city convention assembled at the State House Monday evening, occupying seats in the Representatives' hall, which had just been vacated by the house. The assembly was called to order by W. P. Sheffield, Jr., and from the very beginning everything ran smoothly—in fact, as smoothly as though the ways were greased by some master boss.

Hon. Robert B. Franklin was elected chairman and W. H. Waleott secretary. The roll call showed that every man elected at the ward caucuses last week was present. The list is as follows:

First Ward—B. Hammett Stevens, Joseph B. Fike, William H. Anderson, John T. DeLand, Thomas E. Krull.

Second Ward—P. Augustus Ward, Henry W. Clarke, William H. Walcott, Charles S. Landers, Gardner S. Perry.

Third Ward—William P. Sheffield, Jr., William P. Bullock, Robert S. Franklin, Joseph Hare, John Henry Tilley.

Fourth Ward—Robert S. Hash, James H. White, William F. Robinson, William H. Huntington, Cassius P. Halleck.

Fifth Ward—James McLeish, William Williamson, Joseph Taylor, Arthur B. Marvel, John Manan.

After the roll call the chairman announced the business of the evening—the selection of a candidate for senator, to succeed the late Charles H. Burdick—and called for nominations. Henry W. Clarke of the Second ward responded to this call in a neat little speech, starting out by saying that had he been asked to support any particular candidate he would refuse to be a delegate. There was nothing of machine politics about him, and he had no desire to have any. He was present to speak and act as his personal feelings dictated; he was a free man, and not controlled by any boss. Mr. Clarke then proceeded to describe the kind of a man he thought should be selected as a candidate for senator—one tried and not found wanting; one who, knowing his duty, will perform it to the best interest of his constituents. Such a man he believed Jeremiah W. Horton to be, and he moved the nomination of Mr. Horton, and that it be made unanimous. The motion was seconded by W. H. Huntington of the Fourth ward. No other candidate was mentioned, and Mr. Horton was unanimously nominated. The announcement was greeted with applause from the spectators and the Fourth ward delegation.

The city committee was given power to fill vacancies pro forma, for Mr. Sheffield stated that Mr. Horton had agreed to accept.

The chairman was appointed a committee of one to notify the candidate, and at 8:12 the convention adjourned.

Colonel J. W. Horton, the nominee, although a native of another place, has been so closely connected with Newport institutions for thirty-five years that he is essentially a Newporter. He was born in Rehoboth, Mass., April 8, 1841, and came to Newport when he was twenty years old, entering the employ of J. L. & G. A. Hazard, with whom he remained until 1864, when the firm dissolved and Mr. Horton became a partner with Mr. George A. Hazard, under the firm name of Hazard & Horton. Eight years later he purchased Mr. Hazard's interest and took P. Augustus Ward as a partner, the firm name being changed to J. W. Horton & Co., which still carries on the business of furniture manufacturing.

Mr. Horton has been called upon by his fellow-citizens to fill many public offices, and has always responded to the call, although never seeking political preferment. He was for several years overseer of the poor, a member of the school committee

J. W. HORTON.

from 1885 to 1893, a member of the board of aldermen for two years and mayor of Newport in 1893, serving one term and declining a renomination; was a member of the General Assembly for three years, declining in 1894 the nomination for senator, for which he is now named, and last year was again elected a member of the school committee.

He was a member of the Newport Artillery for twenty-six years, rising from the ranks by successive promotions to a non-commissioned officer to the grade of captain, and during its service on staff duty as major, lieutenant colonel and colonel, being in command of the regiment in several years and retiring, much to the regret of all interested in the company's welfare. He still retains an active interest in the old regiment, and is the most popular guest at all its social occasions.

He was for three years worshipful master of St. Paul's Lodge, A. F. and A. M., is a member of Washington Commandery, and has served in high official positions in Rhode Island Lodge, I. O. of O. F., having been its noble grand and for fifteen years its financial secretary. He is president of Coddington Savings Bank, a member of the Newport Business Men's Association and a member of the corporation of the Rhode Island Hospital. He was the first president and is still a member of Gen. G. K. Warren Post Associates. Since coming to Newport he has been closely connected with the First Methodist Episcopal Church, having been for many years a member of its official board, president of its board of trustees, its treasurer for eighteen years and superintendent of its Sunday school for nearly a quarter of a century.

CLOSING OF THE RANKIN FUND.

The treasurer of the fund to establish a free bed at the Newport Hospital in memoriam to the late Dr. Francis H. Rankin is glad to be able to say that the full amount necessary has been subscribed, and the account is closed. In answer to his appeal of September 29 last there came the amount asked for was at once subscribed, and checks for approximating $150, received after the closing of the account, were returned to the senders.

Below is a list of subscriptions received since the last report, with receipt from the treasurer of the Newport Hospital for the amount of the fund:

Previously reported,	$2,610.77
H. W. H. P., Jr.,	5.00
H. H. P.,	5.00
S. E. Huntington,	25.00
Henry Clews,	121.13
B. B.,	100.00
John Hare Powel,	100.00
	$3,000.00

Newport, R. I., October 11, 1897.

T. T. Pitman, Esq., Treasurer, Newport, R. I.:

Dear Sir: I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your order on the Savings Bank of Newport for three thousand ($3,000) dollars, it being the money, with the accrued interest, received by you for "The Rankin Memorial Fund."

This money is to be used, as we understand it, for the endowment of a free bed for children in the Newport Hospital in perpetual memory of Francis Huntington Rankin, M. D.

At the next meeting of the board of trustees due action will be taken to convey to yourself and the many generous friends an expression of gratitude for the confidence shown in the hospital management.

Respectfully yours,
J. TRUMAN BURDICK, Treasurer.

TO DECORATE THE SCHOOLS.

The following additional subscriptions to the fund for decorating the Newport schools have been received:

Mr. Joseph Barrett,	$ 5.00
Mrs. S. B. French,	25.00
Mrs. William Edgar,	10.00
Previously acknowledged,	792.00
	$832.00

E. WHARTON,
Treasurer.

WITH THE GOLF PLAYERS.

The golfers are now at the Oakland Golf Club, New York, and yesterday began a tournament to last several days. In the open play for the club's gold medal Foxhall Keene won, making the links in eighty-three strokes. In the match play C. M. Hamilton, Balmoral Golf Club, beat W. H. Sands, St. Andrews, 4 up and 2 to play; Foxhall Keene, Oakland, beat F. W. Crowninshield, Oakland, 6 up and 5 to play; M. R. Wright, Philadelphia Cricket Club, beat H. M. Alexander, Jr., Oakland, 7 up and 4 to play; W. J. Travis, Oakland, beat F. H. Durr, Nutley, 1 up and 2 to play.

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular Correspondence of the News.]

Miss Mary Chase went to Providence Saturday to take her new school. Miss Sanderson will fill her place at the Oliphant school.

The entertainment to be given by the ladies of Holy Cross Chapel will afford a pleasant evening and give an opportunity to contribute to the fund for which the ladies are working.

NEWPORT WHIST PLAYERS WIN.

Messrs. James S. Fordham and Herbert L. Dyer won one of the pair matches in the recent tournament of the New England Whist Association in Boston. Their score was 111 tricks, or 11½ plus, the largest plus score made during the meeting. Among the pairs defeated by them were Smith and Vincent and Bouvé and Fenelosa, who, as a four, make up the American Whist team, which held the national championship trophy for a long time last winter. In the contest for all pair winners of the meeting Messrs. Fordham and Dyer stood fourth.

THE PIERSON—MILES WEDDING.

It is probable that the wedding of Miss Susan Miles, daughter of Mr. William P. Miles of New Orleans, and Mr. J. Fred Pierson, Jr., son of General and Mrs. J. Fred Pierson, of New York, will take place late in November. The exact date for the celebration of the nuptials has not yet been decided on. Mr. Pierson intends giving his farewell bachelor dinner Saturday, November 13. Friday, November 26, accompanied by his family and a party of guests, he will leave New York in a special car for New Orleans. The wedding will be an afternoon church affair, and the ceremony will be followed by a reception at the home of the bride's father, Chestnut and First streets. Mr. Pierson's best man will be Mr. Edward G. G. Thomas, son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Thomas of New York. The ushers will be Mr. Schuyler Schieffelin and Mr. De Hayter M. Hollins of New York, Mr. Hermann Danforth Newcomb of Louisville, Ky., son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Victor Newcomb of New York, Mr. James Richardson, Mr. Morgan Whitney and Mr. William Belcher Miles, a brother of the bride. Miss Miles, who spent some time at Bar Harbor and Newport last summer, will be attended by a maid of honor and four or six bridesmaids.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that we cannot cure by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Steam yachts Margarita and Saganore have sailed.

—Mr. Andrew J. Carroll has gone to Montreal for the winter.

—There was a short but very lively rain squall yesterday about 4 o'clock.

—There was no criminal business before the district court this morning.

—Pitcher Gallagher has returned from a visit to his home at New Amsterdam, N. Y.

—Commander Goodrich of the War College has returned from a visit to his family at Pomfret, Conn.

—Mr. Lispenard Stewart has gone to Maine in quest of big game. Already he has "bagged" a fair-sized deer.

—Dr. W. A. Watson and Miss Gertrude Watson have just returned from a few weeks' stay at Jones Manor, Long Island.

—The sale and entertainment to be given for the benefit of the Second Baptist Church this evening will doubtless attract a large number.

—Captain J. H. Goldsmith of the emergency force, Assistant Engineer A. J. DeBlois and Mr. J. H. Stacy are in New Bedford today, to see the old-fashioned firemen's muster.

—Steamer Plymouth, which has been running on the Providence route to New York, has returned to Long Wharf, the Providence passenger line closing with the trip last night.

—Mr. Bedros Karanjian has secured plans for changes and the enlargement of his building on Bellevue avenue. When the work is done there will be four shops on DeBlois river and three fronting on Bellevue avenue.

—In the bicycle parade at New Bedford last night Herman Arnold of this city won first prize, a marble clock, in class B, for best-costumed rider, decoration of wheel considered. He wore a Colonial costume and represented George Washington.

—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Coney Island Jockey Club in New York yesterday Lawrence Elp was elected president, William K. Vanderbilt and John G. Heckscher vice presidents, and F. Gray Griswold, Herbert C. Pelland George Peabody Wetmore members of the executive committee.

TWO STILLS, BUT NO FIRE.

A still alarm was rung at 10:30 o'clock last night for a fire at the residence of Thomas Burlingham on Spring street. When the firemen reached the scene the house was found well filled with smoke, but the family had been unable to locate the fire. Mr. Burlingham, remembering the old adage, "Where there is so much smoke there must be some fire," had called the emergency company, and the men soon located the fire. It was in the kitchen stove, and had blistered the varnish near by, causing the smoke. The damage was very slight.

Again this morning, about 9 o'clock, a still was rung in for a chimney fire at 86 Bridge street, occupied by Mr. Prince. This time the damage was nothing.

OFF FOR NEW BEDFORD.

This morning the Newport Naval Reserves, about twenty-five strong, under Lieutenant Willis, left on the 7 o'clock train for New Bedford. Few of the racing crew could accompany the command, as the men found it impossible to get away two days in one week. At 8:30 Newport Conclave No. 39, Knights of Sherwood Forest, numbering about fifty, with Supreme Commander McGowan and Supreme Adjutant Sullivan, left for New Bedford. About one hundred and fifty others went on this train to see the celebration.

CHANGES IN NAVAL ASSIGNMENTS

Secretary Long will soon have to consider the question of selecting several high ranking officers to succeed those whose ordinary terms of duties will shortly expire. These include the command of the European station, the command of the Asiatic, some officer to succeed Commodore Walker, in charge of the Newport naval station, and possibly a flag officer for the South Atlantic, where there has been none since Admiral Kirkland was transferred to Europe for the Kiel celebration.

Admiral Selfridge is now commanding the European station, and will have served two years there this autumn, while Commodore McNair's term in command of the Asiatic will expire about the same time. Both of these officers retire within a year, Admiral Selfridge going out next February. Admiral Selfridge has asked to be retained on his present duty until his retirement, but Secretary Long some time in November will probably order his detachment, and assign some other flag officer to succeed to the command. Commodore Remey, commandant of the Portsmouth navy yard, and Commodore Dewey, president of the inspection board, are each available, and so is Admiral Matthews, at present the junior officer of his grade and head of the bureau of yards and docks.

Admiral Matthews has but a year before him on the active list, and wishes to utilize this as a flag commander. His term with the bureau expires this winter, and when he is relieved he will be ready to take charge of some fleet. If one can be found available for him.

Commodore Dewey is anxious to hoist his flag in command of either the China or the Pacific station; but as Admiral Miller has lately assumed command of the latter, it is not expected that he will be removed, at least for the present.

Admiral McNair will be detached and ordered home this autumn. His successor may be either Commodore Remey or Commodore Dewey, with the chances in favor of the last named.

Besides these commodores, John A. Howell, commandant of the League Island yard, and Commodore Hawkins, commanding the Boston navy yard, are both available and entitled to sea duty, neither having yet flown his flag.

The succession of Commodore Wallace has practically been settled by the selection of Commodore Albert Kautz for the command of the Newport Naval Station.

LIGHTED BY A MOON.

A scheme of illumination, as beautiful as it is original, is being put into operation in the new library of Columbia University. By a system of reflected lights, a big white moon, whose luminous rays will light the whole interior, hangs suspended from the dark blue background of the dome. Although electricity alone is used, and the most intense rays from arc lights are focussed through strong lenses on the great white sphere, the reflected radiance of the moon consists of rays so soft and diffused that it is refreshing to the sight. The moon consists of a hollow sphere, seven feet in diameter, constructed of wood and painted a dull white. The invention was suggested by Charles McKim, the architect.

Good Work is Cheaper Than Poor Work.

HOUSES BUILT BY ME COST THEIR OWNERS NOTHING FOR REPAIRS, WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME.

R. W. CURRY, - - Builder,
116 SPRING STREET.

AUCTION SALES.

By T. W. Freeborne & Co.

AUCTION SALE,

—ON—

Thursday, October 14, at 10 A. M.

At 5 MARKET SQUARE.

Restaurant Fixtures in first class condition, including Tables, Chairs, Show Cases, Counters, Clock, Electric Fan, Beads Water, Crockery, Tinware, Set Range, Coffee Urn, etc.

Mortgagee's Sale.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by George A. Eastman to Holmes M. Jernegan, dated the seventh day of May A. D. 1892 and recorded in Volume II of the Land Evidence of the town of Jamestown in the State of Rhode Island at pages 402, 403 and 404, will be sold at public auction upon the premises hereinafter described on Saturday the twenty-third day of October A. D. 1897 at one o'clock in the afternoon that certain lot or parcel of land situate in that part of the said town of Jamestown, known as Conanicut Park and bounded northerly on Bay View Drive; easterly on Summit avenue; southerly on Highland avenue and westerly on Bay View Place and a line in continuance of the easterly boundary line of said Bay View Place to said Highland avenue as said land and ways are shown on a plat of said Conanicut Park, made by John H. McKim and on file in the office of the town clerk of said Jamestown, together with the dwelling-house and other buildings and improvements on said lot. Also one other certain lot or strip of land, situate in said Jamestown, at said Conanicut Park bounded northerly by Narragansett Bay, easterly by land of the United States government, southerly by Bay View Drive aforesaid and southerly by a line formed by prolonging said eastern boundary line of said Bay View Place northwestwardly to said Narragansett Bay, together with the wharf and other improvements thereon, subject to the restrictions set forth in the deed to said George A. Eastman from Holmes M. Jernegan and wife.

Said mortgagee hereby gives notice of his intention to bid upon said property at said sale thereof.

By order of the mortgagee,
DARIUS BAKER, Attorney.
Newport, R. I., Sept. 28, 1897.

Tennis Tournament Photos

And photos of
30-FOOTERS, FETE DAY PARADE, Etc.

Photographic Work of Any Description, Portrait or Landscape.

REMBRANDT STUDIO,
OVER HAMMETT'S BOOKS FORE
208 THAMES STREET.

Connected by telephone.

D. SHANAHAN,
Hay and Grain.
AGENT FOR
SULPHO NAPTHOL,
The new disinfectant for stables and dwellings
11 Franklin St. Opp. Postoffice.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Fruit Jars.

Two quarts, quarts and pints.

TIN-TOP JELLY TUMBLERS,

1-2 pints and 1-3 pints.

Jar Funnels, an indispensable article for filling fruit jars.

ERASTUS P. ALLAN,
131 and 133 Thames Street.

For Open Fires.

HICKORY, OAK AND MAPLE WOOD. ALSO CANNEL COAL.

For Steam, Hot Water and Hot Air.

WHITE ASH COALS.

We can supply these of first quality.

HEIRS OF GEO. BOWEN.

WM. H. BOONE, AGENT.

Don't Go to Alaska!

We can sell you a four-pound box of

Gold Dust for 15 cents.

E. A. EDES & CO.,

New York Butter and Grocery House

149 & 151 THAMES STREET.

Telephone connection.

NEW BOOKS.

New Books.

ST. IVES (being the adventures of a French prisoner in England) by Robert Louis Stevenson.
THE KNIGHTS OF THE ROUND TABLE, by William Henry Frost.
CATHERINE SCHUYLER, by Mary Gay Humphreys, in Women of Colonial and Revolutionary Times Series.
WILL SHAKESPEARE'S LITTLE LAD, by Imogen Clarke.
IN KEDAR'S TENTS, by Henry Seton Merriman, author of "The Sowers," "With Edge Tools," etc.
FORTUNE'S FOOTBALLS, by G. B. Burgin.
A SOLDIER OF MANHATTAN, by Joseph A. Altsheler.

CHAS. E. HAMMETT, JR.,
202 THAMES STREET.

IN KEDAR'S TENTS,

By Henry Seton Merriman.

THE EYE OF ISTAR, by William Le Queux.
ST. IVES, by Robert Louis Stevenson.
WAYFARING MEN, by Edna Lyall.
WOMEN OF COLONIAL AND REVOLUTIONARY TIMES—CATHERINE SCHUYLER, by Mary Gay Humphreys.
THE KNIGHTS OF THE ROUND TABLE, by William Henry Frost.
WILL SHAKESPEARE'S LITTLE LAD, by Imogen Clarke.

GEORGE H. CARR,
172 THAMES STREET.

Spalding's Official Foot Ball Guide

FOR 1897.

CLARKE'S

People's Library Building, and Washington Square.

Winter Board for Horses

AT BROOKDALE FARM.

First class accommodations and good care guaranteed. For particulars apply to

E. G. HAYWARD,
17 & 19 Downing Street.

Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Gastritis and all Stomach Disorders positively cured. Grover Graham's Dyspepsia Remedy is a specific. One dose removes all distress, and a permanent cure of the most chronic and severe cases is guaranteed. Do not suffer. A 50 cent bottle will convince the most skeptical.

AGENT, GEORGE A. WOOD, DRUGGIST.

WANTED TO BUY

AN OX CART,

in good order.

APPLY AT

BATEMAN'S.

Newport Illuminating Co.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING,
ELECTRIC POWER
RESIDENCES AND STORES FURNISHED FOR ELECTRICITY

At Lowest Rates.

Electric Supplies, Fixtures and Shades

449 to 455 Thames Street.

NEWPORT, R. I.

LAPPIN.

We have received another large invoice of

Silk and Wool Plaids.

Will ask those who were disappointed last week in not securing the sizes to call at once, as these goods do not remain long on our counters.

M. B. LAPPIN,

Agent for Staten Island Dye House.

145 THAMES STREET.